Curriculum Framework

M.Sc. Marine Biotechnology

Center for Marine Science and Technology Manonmaniam Sundaranar University 2022-2023

TABLE OF CONTENTS

S.no	Content	Page No
	Preamble	3
1.	Introduction	3
2.	Structure of masters course in Marine Biotechnology	3-5
3	Programme outcomes	5-8
4	Programme Specific outcomes	8-9
5	Qualification Descriptons	10
6	Semester wise Course and Credit Distribution	10-13
7	Course Level Outcomes	13-78
8	Teaching Learning Process	78
9	Assessment and Evaluation	79

Programme: MSc Marine Biotechnology

Vision of the University

• To empower learners with wholesome knowledge through progressive innovation in training, research and development which will render students a unique learning experience and a transformation impact on the society

Mission of the University

- To Impart value-based higher education and technical knowledge with uncompromising strides of an outstanding quality
- To be a Centre of Excellence in skill development in emerging technologies in accordance with industrial trends.
- To make the students formulate and implement strategy for a desired career path.
- Make a positive difference to society through technical education.
- To provide quality / inclusive education, especially for the rural and un-reached segments of economically downtrodden students including women, socially oppressed and differently abled.

PREAMBLE

Marine Biotechnology is the application of molecular and cellular biology to marine and fresh water organisms for the purpose of identifying, developing, and enhancing products derived from these organisms. During the course the candidates are introduced to a variety of aspects such as Fundamentals of Oceanography, Cell Biology and Genetics, Marine Biology, Genetic Engineering, Applications of Immunology and the like. The duration of the course is two years and its syllabus is divided into four semesters. The Master degree course is valuable and career providing in nature. Biotechnology as a field of science is the most application oriented field where the knowledge gained in this course has direct and immediate application in the real world, be it pharmaceutical industry, food industry, diagnostics, personalized medicine, genetically modified crops and animals, bioprinting of organs, bioinformatics or clinical research.

After passing the Master degree course they can have marine biotechnologists. The growing use of marine products in the food, cosmetic, and agriculture industries has created a current demand that we can barely meet the candidates can be employed in the areas of planning, production and management of bio-processing industries. It also necessitates the incorporation of cutting-edge information and new technology in order to meet society's evolving needs. The course is unique in that it requires 6 months of research projects. Students have the option to work at nationally and internationally renowned research institutes and enterprises throughout this time. As a result, professional human resources are produced in accordance with societal needs. Other research parts of the course include scientific writing, research proposal writing, publication preparation, and research poster preparation for conferences, and the entire process also produces new minds to work as scientists.

1. Introduction: In the increasingly globalized society, it is important that the younger generation especially the students are equipped with knowledge, skills, mindsets and behaviors which may enable them to perform their duties in a manner so that they become important contributors to the development of the society. This will also help them to fully utilize their educational training for earning a decent living so that the overall standard of their families and surroundings improve leading to development of welfare human societies. To achieve this goal, it is imperative that their educational training is improved such that it incorporates the use of newer technologies, use of newer assessment tools for mid-course corrections to make sure that they become competitive individuals to shoulder newer social responsibilities and are capable of undertaking novel innovations in their areas of expertise. In the face of the developing knowledge society, they are well aware about the resources of self-development using on-line resources of learning which is going to be a major component of learning in the future. The learning should also be a continuous process so that the students are able to re-skill themselves so as to make themselves relevant to the changing needs of the society.

2.Structure of M.Sc., (Marine Biotechnology) LOCF degree program:

The overall structure of the course to be implemented from the academic year 2022-2023 onwards is as follows.

A. The Master of Science in Marine Biotechnology programme will last two years. The syllabus for Biotechnology for the total four semesters is meticulously designed so as to make students understand the principles behind the complex biological processes and their applications in the real world. The syllabus evolves from semester I to semester IV with basics and essential biological concepts explained earlier and the advanced and the current techniques towards the last semester. In the postgraduate curriculum there is a full paper on Research methodologies. We also have the topic of Entrepreneurship as a full paper in the curriculam, this helps to enhance the entrepreneurial skills of our students.

B. Four categories of courses will be offered: Core Courses: Include theoretical as well as practical courses, Elective courses: Include theoretical courses, its department specific courses. The students must opt for three courses for the semesters 1, 2 and 3 out of six courses offered by the department, two courses for each semester. Open Elective: For the 1st, 2nd, 3rd and 4th semester, students may opt for any one open elective offered through swayam portal (e-PG pathasala-INFLIBNET) and MOOCs. Skill Enhancement Elective Course: A separate project training-based course that leads to a dissertation worth nine credits is also one of the core courses.

C. Candidates must appear for four core obligatory theory papers, one elective theory paper, and one theory paper from e-PG pathasala-INFLIBNET in semester I. The candidate must finish two practical courses as specified in the syllabus for semester I. Practical examinations for Practical Courses 1 and 2 will be held at the end of the semester. In semester 2, the candidate must take four core obligatory papers, one core elective paper, and one MOOC-based paper. Two practical courses will be held in semester II, as specified in the curriculum, and practical examinations for practical courses 3 and 4 will be held at the end of the semester.

D. There will be four core obligatory papers, two practical courses, one elective paper, and one elective paper from MOOCs in Semester III. The practical examinations for practical courses 5 and 6 will be held at the end of the semester III. Semester IV is devoted exclusively to project/dissertation work, as well as one elective paper from e-PG pathasala-INFLIBNET. The elective paper will have a theory examination at the end of semester IV.

E. The entire M.Sc. in Marine Biotechnology course will be covered in 19 theory papers. Each practical course will be covered in two four-hour practical turns per week. As a result, the students will work for each practical on two days of the week.

F. One entire semester of PG practical course work is dedicated to internship in any of the research institutions, academic institutes or industry. This gives our students an exposure to work away from the campus in the industrial set up, research set up, production set up or pharmaceutical or health care organizations and they get acquainted with the real world projects and processes. These projects also help the students to directly get employment in the field of their choice or help them get research experience useful for their future research career. Students will be required to complete an internship programme (major project with dissertation) in order to learn about research technique and work presentation. The internship (major project/dissertation) will be worth a total of 100 points. The students will work on their projects, completing the experimental work in the fourth semester and the writing portion of the project within the time frame provided.

3. PROGRAMME OUTCOMES

1. PO1 Disciplinary Knowledge

In our post graduate syllabi the most advanced and relevant subjects such as nanotechnology, Genomics, IPR, Bioprocess Technology, Bioinformatics, Developmental biology have been incorporated. These will make the students ready for both industry as well as research oriented endeavors.

2. PO2 Communication Skills

Emerge as a Centre of Excellence inculcating skill development in recent technologies in accordance with industrial trends and communicate the scientific findings and analysing them through publication, writing, project.assignments, etc.

3. PO3 Critical Thinking

Foster analytical and critical thinking abilities to find out the problems and can work meticulously on that aspect.

4. PO4 Problem Solving

Inculcate innovative thinking to address a problem or solution to the research community.

5. PO5 Analytical Reasoning

The practicals related to covering biodiversity, isolation, analysis and interpretation of marine environment and arriving valid conclusions in marine biotechnology.

6. PO6 Research Related Skills

One semester marine science research based project involves ability to define problem, formulate the hypothesis, draw conclusions and report the results is included in the students' curriculum.

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7. PO7 Co-operation / Team Work

Demonstrate the ability to work on research projects to establish marine based work, ornamental fish breeding, live-feed culture and assignments in the teams of students coming from different academic disciplines, diverse cultures and ethnicities.

8. PO8 Scientific Reasoning

The programme offers analysis of microbiology based data, its critical evaluation and reasoning.

9. PO9 Reflective Thinking

Develop reflective thinking in Microbiology, drug from microbes, resource utilization and management for the benefit of the society.

10. PO10 Information / Digital Library

Almost all the course in Marine biotechnology teaching is based on knowledge dissemination involving ICT. For the project data analysis appropriate analysis is recommended.

11. PO11 Self-directed Learning

Marine based project works, practicals and group works makes a self-directed approach among the student community.

12. PO12 Multicultural Competence

Marine based field visits, interaction with coastal people, sample collection to coastal areas, visit to national organization, and participation of international webinars create the multi-cultural competence among students.

13. PO13 Moral & Ethical Awareness / Reasoning

Create the ability to identify ethical issues related to recombinant DNA technology, genetic engineering, animals handling, intellectual property rights, biosafety and handling of sensitive experiments; awareness about the difference between data beautification and data manipulation/scientific misconduct. Create moral and ethical practices in project oriented data collection, presentation of results and marine entrepreneurship.

14. PO14 Leadership Readiness / Qualities

Demonstrate the ability to take initiative, set direction, design strategy, and build social cohesion not only in research labs but also in social contexts.

15. Life-long Learning

Demonstrate conceptual learning through systematic thinking and self-study and life-long learning that helps to solve scientific problems with well-defined solutions. Establishment of marine research forum, invitation of alumni and exchange of knowledge among students creates life-long learning among students.

4.PROGRAM SPECIFIC OUTCOMES (PSOs)

PSO1:

To demonstrate and apply their knowledge of cell biology, biochemistry, microbiology and molecular biology to solve the problems related to the field of biotechnology The structure and functions of the cell, as well as the molecular biology of prokaryotic cellular structure, were covered. Learn basic Biotechnology, Microbiology laboratory skills, techniques, and competence in the use of

research tools, clinical approaches, and observation analysis. Understanding the importance of Biostatistics in Biology and applying it in the analyze and interpretation of data manually and using statistical softwares

PSO2:

Distinguish between various phyla of the Bacteria, fungi and algal kingdoms based on their characteristics and attain knowledge to Compare and contrast the differences in morphology and anatomy in Angiosperms.

PSO3:

knowledge of the structure and function of the cells and organs of immune systems of marine animals and get Familiarized with various techniques involved in Immunology and also acquire clear idea about the immune based diagnosis kit for aquaculture, isolation, culture and feeding of marine live feeds.

PSO4:

Understand the functions of several enzymes and vectors used in genetic engineering. Acquaint to the versatile tools and techniques employed in recombinant DNA technology. Explain the construction of DNA & c DNA library. Acquire skills on techniques of plasmid isolation To gain hands on experience in gene cloning, protein expression and purification which would enable them to begin a career in industry that engages in genetic engineering as well as in research laboratories conducting fundamental research, to work in the interdisciplinary and multidisciplinary areas of modern biotechnology and its applications.

PSO5:

To explore marine environment for natural products as medicines for various human and animal diseases and pesticides ,Understand basic ecological concepts, various pollution, its measurements & remediation.

PSO6:

Understanding the importance of general safety measures in laboratories and biosafety guidelines and applying them in the synthesis ,characterization, processing, preservation and storage of biomaterials/nanomaterials from marine organisms. Acquire knowledge about the marine nanopharmaceuticals and drug delivery. Acquire the principles, regulation of IPR and patents in marine based research and marine based product development.

5. QUALIFICATION DESCRIPTION:

The following may serve as the important qualification descriptors for a PG degree in Marine Biotechnology:

Candidates who have completed Bachelor's degree in science in Microbiology / Biochemistry / Biotechnology / Zoology with
Botany ancillary / Botany with Zoology ancillary / Plant Science and Biotechnology / Advanced Zoology and Animal
Biotechnology / Biology / Life Science / Home Science / Nutrition and Dietetics / Chemistry with Zoology ancillary / B F.Sc.,
or any other degree that may be considered as equivalent top by the Manonmaniam Sundaranar University are eligible for
admission

6. SEMESTERWISE COURSE DISTRIBUTION AND COURSE CREDITS

Subject	Code	Subject Title	Hrs.	L	T	P	C	Maxim	Maximum Marks			
Type			/wee									
			k									
				Hrs/	Hrs/	Hrs/	Credi	Exam	Inter	Exter	Total	
				wee	wee	wee	ts	hours	nal	nal		
				k	k	k			Asses	Asses		
									sment	sment		
SEMESTER	SEMESTER I											
Core Compu	ılsory The	eory										

Core -1	Biodiversity Conservation & Biosystematics	4	4	-	-	4	3	25	75	100
Core-2	Biochemistry & Biochemical Techniques	4	4	-	-	4	3	25	75	100
Core-3	Molecular Cell Biology	4	4	-	-	4	3	25	75	100
Core-4	Microbiology & Microbial Physiology	4	4	-	-	4	3	25	75	100
Core Compulsory	Practical Course		•		•					
Major Practical -1					4	2	3	50	50	100
Major Practical –2	Practical II: Core -3 & Core-4	4	-	-	4	2	3	50	50	100
Core Elective The	ory – Any one from the following			I.	I		I	I		
Elective -1	Biostatics & Computer Application Biophysics	3	3	-	-	3	3	25	75	100
Open elective	Diophysics									
ePG-	To be selected latter	3	3	1_	_	3	3	25	75	100
Pathsala	To be selected latter							23	75	100
Tutilisuiu	Sub-Total	30	22	-	8	26		200	600	800
SEMESTER II					<u> </u>					
Core Compulsory	Theory Courses									
Core -5	Developmental biology	4	4	_	-	4	3	25	75	100
Core-6	Genomics & Bioinformatics	4	4	-	-	4	3	25	75	100
Core-7	Immunology	4	4	-	-	4	3	25	75	100
Core-8	Marine biomaterials	4	4	-	-	4	3	25	75	100
Core Compulsory	Practical Courses			I.	I		I	I		
Major Practical -3	Practical 3: Core-5 & Core-6	4	-	-	4	2	3	50	50	100
Major Practical - 4	Practical 4: Core-7 & Core-8	4	-	-	4	2	3	50	50	100

Elective 2	Marine Natural products	3	3	_	_	3	3	25	75	100
	Biosafey, Bioethics & IPR									
Open Elective Co		1						<u> </u>		
MOOCs on		3	3	-	-	3	3	25	75	100
line course										
	Sub-Total	30	22	-	8	26		200	600	800
SEMESTER III	·	•								
Core Compulsory	Theory Courses									
Core -9	Genetics	4	4	-	-	4	3	25	75	100
Core-10	e-10 Aquaculture Biotechnology 4 4 4					4	3	25	75	100
Core-11	Environmental	4	4	-	-	4	3	25	75	100
	Biotechnology									
Core-12	Bioprocess technology	4	4	-	-	4	3	25	75	100
Core Compulsory	Practical Courses									
Practical 5	Practical 5: Core-9 & Core-	4	-	-	4	2	3	50	50	100
	10									
Practical 6	Practical 6: Core-11 &	4	-	-	4	2	3	50	50	100
	Core-12									
Core Elective The	ory Courses – Any one from the f	ollowi	ng							
Elective 3	Extremophiles	3	3	-	-	3	3	25	75	100
	Research Methodology									
Open Elective Co	urse									
MOOCs on-		3	3	-	-	3	3	25	75	100
line course										
	Sub-Total	30	22	•	8	26		200	600	800
SEMESTER IV										
Open Elective Co	urse									
ePG-		3	3	-	-	3	3	25	75	100
Pathsala										
Project	Project & Viva voce	-	-	-	-	9		50	50	100
	Sub-Total					12		75	125	200

	93	69	-	24	90	673	5	1925	2600

DISTRIBUTION OF MARKS WITHIN EACH PAPER

INTERNAL ASSESSMENT (Theory Courses - 25 marks):

Each course has three internal assessments, each worth 15 marks. The average of the two best results from each of the three tests would be considered. Regarding the internal assessment, 25 marks are allocated in the following manner.

Component	Marks
The average of the best two tests from the 3 compulsory tests	15 marks
Assignment	05 marks
Seminar	05 marks
Total	25 marks

EXTERNAL ASSESSMENT (Theory Courses - 75 marks):

QUESTION PAPER PATTERN AT THE END OF EACH SEMESTER-UNIVERSITY EXAMINATION PATTERN

Sub. Code:

Title of the course

Semester: Max. Marks : 75

Time : 3 hrs

Section-A $(10 \times 1 \text{ mark} = 10 \text{ marks})$

Answer all the questions in one or two sentences

Section – B (5 \times 5 marks = 25 marks)

Answer all the questions (minimum 200 words) by selecting either 'a' or 'b'

Section – C (5 \times 8 marks = 40 marks)

Answer all the questions (minimum 500 words) by selecting either 'a' or 'b'

7.COURSE LEVEL OUTCOMES OUTCOMES

CORE PAER 1 BIODIVERSITY CONSERVATION AND BIOSYSTEMATICS

Semester		I Semester							
Course Type		Core Paper							
Title of the Co	urse	BIODIVERSITY CONSERVA	TION	AND BIO	OSYST	EMATI	CS		
Course Code									
Teaching Hou	rs 60 Hours/ Semester : 4 Hours/ week								
	CONS	IVERSITY SERVATION AND	its: 4	Max. Marks: 100 (Internal: 25, Externa					
		YSTEMATICS				75)			
Course Prerequipment									
The student sho	uld hav	e a basic knowledge on Biodiversi	ity and i	ts manag	ement				
CODE:	BI	OCHEMISTRY & BIOCHEMI	CAL	L	T	P	С		
		TECHNIQUES	4	-	-	4			
To give an overview of marine environment and its living and nonliving resources in support of marine biotechnology and marine biodiversity conservation.									
Module 1	DEE	FINITION AND BASIC CONCEPTS 12 hours							

Definition and basic concepts of Biosystematics – importance and applications of Biosystematicsin biology; Material basic of biosystematics – different attributes; Trends inbiosystematics – Concepts; Conventional and new aspects-Chemotaxonomy; cytotaxonmy and molecular taxonomy.

Module 2 CLASSIFICATION TAXONOMIC CHARACTERIS 12 hours

Dimensions of speciation and taxonomic characters; evalution of biodiversity indices — Shannon — Weiner index, dominance index, similarity and dissimilarity indices; association index — Diversity and ecosystem process; theory, achievements and future directions. Taxonomic procedures — (ICZN) its operative principles.

Module 3 FUNDAMENTALS OF MARINE BIOLOGY 12 hours

Bioenergetics: Fundamentals of Marine Biology: Biological divisions of the sea- estuaries and backwaters, lagoons, mangroves, coastal waters, inshore, offshore, deep sea/oceanic; Biodiversity of the oceans; marine flora and fauna; Plankton - diversity and their role in the food chain; Plankton blooms and impact on fisheries; Harmful algal blooms; Nekton – abundance, distribution, geographic ranges and patterns of migration; diversity and distribution of Marine reptiles, birds and mammals; Benthos – intertidal and subtidal zones; Marine boring and fouling organisms; Concept of food chain and food web; ecological efficiency; Methods of estimation of marine productivity. amino acid oxidation; Metabolic fate of amino groups: role of glutamate and glutamine, urea cycle: reactions and regulation, Biosynthesis of amino acids, Regulation of amino acid biosynthesis, genetic defects in amino acid metabolism, metabolic diseases related to amino acid metabolism.

Module 4 MARINE BIODIVERSITY 12 hours

Ttypes of biodiversity – species, ecosystem and Genetic biodiversity, Importance of Marine Biological Diversity – products from marine life: Food, Medicine and raw materials – seaweeds, seagrass, factors creating biodiversity, significance of three dimensional structures of mangrove plantation – Primary productivity – Ecosystem services from sea.

Module 5 CONSERVATION OF BIODIVERSITY 12 hours

Conservation of biodiversity: areas of diversity, species and areas to be protected, larval and nursery grounds. Threats to biodiversity, Risk factors for Population: demography –sex ratio, anthropogenic uncertainty, low recruitment, mortality. Tools for the conservation of Biodiversity – Knowledge base, Planning, action plan, Regulating threats, Economic tools, Protecting areas, Recovering population.

	1 1. Chapman, V.J., 1976, Mangrove Vegetation, J.Gramer, Berlin.
	2. McRoy, C.P., and G. Helfferich, 1977, Seagrass Ecosystems: A Scientific
	Perspective. Marcel Dekker Inc., New York.
	3. Yale Dawson, E., 1966, Marine Botany: An Introduction. Holt, Reinhart and
	Winston Inc., New York.
Dofomon oo Doolya	4. Kaestner, A., 1968, Invertebrate Zoology Vols. I to III, Interscience Publishers,
ReferenceBooks	New York, London, and Sydney.
	4. Carl E. Bond, 1979, Biology of Fishes. W.B. Saunders Company, Philadelphia.
	6. King M., 1995, Fisheries Biology, Assessment and Management. Fishing News
	Books, Oxford.
	7. Miller, R.I., 1994. Mapping the Diversity of Nature, Chapman &

Course Outcomes (COs):

Course	After the Completion of the Course, the student will be	CognitiveLevel
Outcome	able to –	- 9
CO1	Get a deep knowledge on biodiversity richness in global scale and biogeography of India	K1, K2
CO2	Know about diversity specification, Taxonomic and classification systems of .marine animals	K2, K3
CO3	Knowledge on Taxonomic procedures – (ICZN) its operative principles.	K3, K4
CO4	Analyze various threats to our biodiversity and able to suggest measures for conservation Strategies. Trained effectively and scientifically to convey the message of sustainable use of resources and conservation of biodiversity to the public and young generation	K5,K4 K5 K6
CO5	Assess the dynamics and types of ecosystem. Gain knowledge about population and community.Gain	K4, K5, K6

knowledge about the global climate change and its impact	
Skill to evaluate soil and water quality and the basic	
concepts of global frame work, acts and policies in natural	
resource management	

K1- Remember; K2- Understand; K3- Apply; K4- Analyze; K5- Evaluate; K6- Create.

MAPPING WITH PO

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PO13	PO14	PO15
CO1	Н	M	Н	M	M	M	M	L	L	Н	M	Н	L	Н	L
CO2	Н	Н	M	Н	Н	M	M	L	L	M	Н	Н	L	Н	L
CO3	Н	L	Н	L	M	Н	L	L	L	M	M	Н	L	Н	L
CO4	Н	M	M	L	M	L	L	M	L	Н	L	Н	L	Н	L
CO5	Н	L	L	L	M	L	M	M	M	Н	L	Н	M	Н	L

MAPPING WITH PSO

COs	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5	PSO6
CO1	Н	Н	L	M	L	Н
CO2	Н	Н	L	M	L	M
CO3	Н	M	L	L	L	M
CO4	Н	M	L	M	M	M
CO5	Н	M	M	L	M	M

CORE PAPER 2: BIOCHEMISTRY& BIOCHEMICAL TECHNIQUES

Semester	I Semester
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Course Type	Course Type Core Paper							
Title of the Cou	ırse	BIOCHEMISTRY & BIOCH	EMICA	L TECH	INIQUI	ES		
Course Code								
Teaching Hou	rs	60 Hours/ Semester : 4 Hours	/ week					
		HEMISTRY & Credits: 4 Ma				ax. Marks: 100 rnal: 25, External 75)		
Course Prerequent The student sho		e a basic knowledge on chemistr	y and bio	molecul	es			
CODE:	BI	OCHEMISTRY & BIOCHEM	ICAL	L	T	P	C	
		TECHNIQUES 4 -			-	-	4	
Course Objectives	• T • T	To understand the structures and for provide an depth knowledge of provide an in-depth knowledge of provide an advanced understant various techniques used in biological controls.	f metabole on enzy	lic pathw mes and the core	ays in the bioener principle	he living getics		
Module 1	BIO	CHEMISTRY IN GENERAL				8 hours		
reaction kinetics	, therm	ecules and chemical bonds. Princodynamics, colligative propertie bonding, hydrophobic interest	s). Stabi	lizing in		ns (Vand		
Module 2	Module 2 CLASSIFICATION AND FUNCTIONS OF BIOMOLECULES 12 hours					ours		
		, physiological and biochemical acids, vitamins, minerals and hor		ns of ca	rbohydr	ates, am	ino acids,	
Module 3	В	IOENERGETICS, CARBOHY AMINOACID METAI		,	&	16 h	ours	

Bioenergetics: Bioenergetics-basic principles; Equilibria and concept of free energy; common biochemical reactions; Phosphoryl group transfers and ATP; biological high energy compounds; Biological oxidation –reduction reactions and its importance in electron transfer, coupled reactions. **Metabolism:** General Introduction, types. *Carbohydrate metabolism* - Glycolytic pathway; Gluconeogenesis; Reciprocal regulation of Glycolysis and gluconeogenesis, Pentose phosphate pathway; Pyruvate Dehydrogenase Complex, its mechanism of action and regulation, Kreb's cycle; Electron Carriers, Electron transport and Oxidative phosphorylation; Photophosphorylation; Synthesis of glycogen, glycogenolysis, metabolic diseases related to carbohydrate metabolism. **Lipid metabolism** - Mobilization and transport of lipids, Oxidation of lipids: beta, alpha & omega oxidation, oxidation of saturated fatty acids, Oxidation of unsaturated fatty acids, and oxidation of odd chain fatty acids; Formation and oxidation of Ketone bodies; Biosynthesis of saturated fatty acids; synthesis of odd chain and unsaturated fatty acids, regulation of fatty acid biosynthesis; Biosynthesis of triglycerols; Biosynthesis of cholesterol and its regulation, metabolic diseases related to lipid metabolism. Amino acids metabolism - Amino acid degradation: deamination and transamination reactions; alpha ketoglutorate, succinate, fumarate and oxaloacetate pathways of amino acid oxidation; Metabolic fate of amino groups: role of glutamate and glutamine, urea cycle: reactions and regulation, Biosynthesis of amino acids, Regulation of amino acid biosynthesis, genetic defects in amino acid metabolism, metabolic diseases related to amino acid metabolism.

Module 4 NUCLEIC ACID METABOLISM & BIOCATALYSTS 15 hours

Nucleic acid metabolism - De novo synthesis of purine and pyrimidine nucleotides; Catabolism of purine and pyrimidine; Disorders of purine and pyrimidine metabolism; Integration of metabolism. **Biocatalysts** - general principles of catalysis; Enzyme characteristics and classifications; monomeric and oligomeric enzymes; Specificity of enzymes; Active sites and binding site of enzymes, energy considerations, enzyme activity and its measurements, factors affecting enzyme activities; Enzyme kinetics: methods for investigating enzyme kinetics, Michaelis-Menton equation; regulatory enzymes, allosteric enzymes and their regulation; Mechanisms of enzyme catalysis: acid-base catalysis and covalent catalysis; Enzyme inhibition and its types, Enzyme activation; Reaction mechanism of enzymes: chymotrypsin, lysozyme, Structure function relationship of enzymes

Module 5

BIOCHEMICAL TECHNIQUES

9 hours

Principle, working and applications of centrifugation, filtration; chromatography – Paper, TLC, ion exchange, sizeexclusion, affinity, adsorption, GLC, HPLC; Electrophoresis – Agarose, PAGE – SDS; Spectrophotometric techniques- UV, Visible, IR, NMR and MASS

ReferenceBooks 1. Rodwell, V., Bender, D., Anthony Weil, P., Kennelly, P., Botham, K., 2015,

	Harpers Illustrated Biochemistry, 30 th Edition, LANGE.
	2. Donald Voet, Judith G. Voet, 2011, Biochemistry, 4 th Edition, Willey Science.
	3. Jain, J.L., Sunjay Jain, Nitin Jain, 2016, Fundamentals of Biochemistry, 7 th
	Edition, S. Chand & Company Pvt Ltd.
	4. Cooper. T.G., 2011, The Tools of Biochemistry, Wiley India Pvt. Ltd.
	5. Donald Voet, Judith G. Voet, 2018, Biochemistry, Willey Science.
	6. Keith Wilson, John Walker, 2012, Principles and Techniques of Biochemistry
	and Molecular Biology, 7 th edition, Cambridge University Press.
	7. Nelson, D.L., and Cox, M.M., 2017, Lehninger Principles of Biochemistry, 7 th
	Edition, MacMillan International Edition.
	8. Reginald H. Garrett, Charles M. Grishm, 2013, Biochemistry, 4 th Edition,
	Saunders College Publishers.
	9. Rodwell, V., Bender, D., Anthony Weil, P., Kennelly, P., Botham, K., 2018,
	Harpers Illustrated Biochemistry, 31 st Edition, LANGE.
	10. Satyanarayana, U., 2017, Biochemistry, 5th Edition, Books and Allied Pvt.
	Ltd., Kolkata.
	11. Trevor Palmer, 2008, Enzymes: Biochemistry, Biotechnology and Clinical
	Chemistry, 5 th Edition, Horwood Publishing Limited.
	1. https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/books/NBK21139/ (Carbohydrates)
	2. https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/books/NBK173989/ (vitamins)
Web References	3. nature.com/scitable/topicpage/protein-structure-14122136/ (proteins)
	4. https://www.sciencedirect.com/topics/neuroscience/enzymes (Enzymes)
	5. https://www.britannica.com/science/hormone (hormones)
,	

At the end of the course the students can

Course Outcomes	Cognitive
CO1: Understand the fundamental concepts of chemistry, biology,	K1, K2
physics and basic concepts about biochemistry at the atomic level	
(U)	
CO2: Explain the classification, and function of biomolesules like	K1, K2
carbohydrates, lipids, proteins, nucleic acids (Ap)	
CO3: Identify the different classes of polymeric biomolecules and	K1, K2, K3, K4, K5
their monomeric building blocks, analyze and study the chemical	

and biochemical properties of biomolecules and also understand	
the relationships between biological molecules (An)	
CO4: Understand concepts of enzyme kinetics in living system	K1, K2, K3, K4
(An)	
CO5: Critically analyze and interpret the results obtained from	K1, K2, K3, K4
biological experiments and understanding of solving biological	
problems using various techniques (An, Sk)	

K1 – Remember, K2 – Understand, K3 – Application, K4 – Analysis, K5 – Evaluate, K6 – Create

MAPPING WITH PO

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PO13	PO14	PO15
CO1	Н	Н	M	M	M	L	L	M	L	Н	L	L	L	L	M
CO2	Н	Н	M	M	M	L	L	M	L	Н	L	L	L	L	M
CO3	Н	Н	M	M	M	L	L	M	L	Н	L	L	L	L	M
CO4	Н	Н	M	M	Н	L	L	M	L	Н	L	L	L	L	M
CO5	Н	Н	M	M	Н	Н	M	M	M	Н	L	M	M	L	Н

MAPPING WITH PSO

COs	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5	PSO6
CO1	Н	M	M	Н	Н	Н
CO2	Н	M	M	Н	Н	M
CO3	Н	M	M	Н	Н	M

CO4	Н	M	M	Н	Н	M
CO5	Н	M	M	Н	Н	M

CORE PRACTICAL COVERING 1 AND 2

Semester		I Semester							
Course Type		Practical I							
Title of the Co	ırse	BIOCHEMISTRY & BIOCHEMICAL TECHNIQUES							
Course Code									
Teaching Hou	rs								
	BIOC	HEMISTRY &	Cred	Credits: 4		Max. Marks:			
	BIOC	HEMICAL TECHNIQUES							
Course Prereq The student sho		e basic practical knowledge on c	hemistry	T					
CODE:	BI	OCHEMISTRY & BIOCHEM	ICAL	L	T	P	С		
		TECHNIQUES			-	-			
Course Objectives	•	To inculcate/impart skills to perform various tests/assays and experiments. To provide qualitative & quantitative analysis of the macromolecules in the given sample and analyze the results. To provide students with a deep insight of the various biochemical reactions and cellular processes through quantitative and qualitative.							

	analysis of the samples provided.
	After completing this course, student is expected to learn the following:
	CO1: Improved skills to perform various tests/assays and experiments.
	CO2: Design and analyze the experiments related with the different molecules
Course	and use of the various techniques the kinetics and rationale behind each
Outcomes	phenomenon
	CO3: Use the techniques, skills, and modern tools necessary for imbalances in
	various life processes, design a research project, collect and analyze data, and
	interpret results
1. Qualitative	analysis of protein, carbohydrate, lipid and nucleic acids
2. Quantificati	on of total carbohydrate

- 3. Quantification of aminoacids by ninhydrin method 4. Quantification of protein by Lowry's method

- 5. Quantification of RNA by Orcinol method6. Quantification of DNA by diphenyl amine method
- 7. Analysis of DNA by Agarose gel electrophoresis (Demonstration)
- 8. Separation of any biomolecule by Thin Layer Chromatography

CORE PAPER/Ppr-3: MOLECULAR CELL BIOLOGY

Semester	I Semester
Course Type	CORE PAPER
Title of the Course	MOLECULAR CELL BIOLOGY
Course Code	•••••

Teaching Hour	'S	60 Hours/ Semester: 4 Hours/	' week	
	•			
•••••	MOLE	CULAR CELL BIOLOGY	Credits: 4	Max. Marks: 100

Course Prerequisites:

The student should possess basic knowledge on general aspects about cell and its various organelles. They may have the brief knowledge on the functions of the cell in the body like transcription, translation, genetic codes etc.

CODE:	MOLECULAR CELL PIOLOGY	L	T	P	C
•••••	MOLECULAR CELL BIOLOGY	4	-	-	4
Course Objectives	 To understand the molecular compone arrangements and role in making the cell I: To give a clear knowledge on the transpor various mechanisms. To impart knowledge on the cytoskeletor cell cycle, cell adhesion and communicatio. To give a knowledge on chromosomal Di and regulation. 	ive. t of nutrie of cells on betwee	ents in a and the	and out o	f cells by
Module I	INTRODUCTION TO PLASMA MEMBR	ANE	1	2 hours	

Experimental systems in Cell Biology. Bio-membranes - Molecular composition and arrangement functional consequences - Transport across cell membrane- Diffusion, active transport and pumps and uniports, symports and antiport - Membrane potential - Co-transport by symports or antiporters - Transport across epithelia.

Module II	CYTOSKELETON	12 hours
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Microfilaments and microtubules-structure and dynamics - Microtubules and mitosis - Cell movements-intracellular transport, role and kinesin and dynein, signal transduction mechanisms Cilia and flagella - Cell-cell signaling - Cell surface receptors - Second messenger system - MAP kinase pathways - Signaling from plasma membrane to nucleus.

Ca⁺⁺ dependent homophilic cell-cell adhesion - Ca⁺⁺ independent homophilic cell-cell adhesion-Gap junctions and connexons - cell matrix adhesion – integrins – collagen - Non-collagen components - cell cycle - mitosis and meiosis - cyclins and cyclin dependent kinases - regulation of CDK- cyclin activity.

Module IV GENOME ORGANIZATION

12 hours

Hierarchy in organization - chromosomal organization of coding and non-coding DNA – regulation of gene expression - mobile DNA - morphological and functional elements of eukaryotic chromosomes - Genetic analysis in Cell Biology

Module V INTRACELLULAR PROTEIN TRAFFIC

12 hours

Protein synthesis on free and bound polysomes - uptake into ER - membrane proteins, Golgi sorting, post-translational modifications - biogenesis of mitochondria, and nuclei - trafficking mechanisms - biology of cancer - biology of aging - apoptosis-definition, mechanism and significance.

- 1. De Robertis, E.D.P. and E. M. F. De Robertis, 1995, Cell and Molecular Biology,8th Edition, B.I. Waverly Pvt. Ltd.
- 2. Lodish, H., A. Berk, P. Matsudaira, C.A Kaiser, M. Krieger, M.P. Scott, S. L. Zipursky and J. Darnell, 2004. Molecular Cell Biology, 5th Edition, W.H. Freeman and Company.
- 3. Watson, J. D., N. H. Hopkins, J.W Roberts, J. A. Steitz and A.M Weiner, 1987, Molecular Biology of the Gene, 4th Edition, Benjamin / Cummings.
- 4. Lewin, B., 2004. Genes, 8th Edition, Peasrson Prentice Hall.

ReferenceBooks

- Karp, G., 1996, Cell and Molecular biology: Concepts and Experiments, John Wiley & Sons.
- 5. Ajoy Paul, 2011, Text Book of Cell and Molecular Biology, , Books and Allied Pvt. Ltd., Kolkata.
- 6. Aberts, B., Bray, D., Lewis, J, Ratf, M., Roberts, K., and Watson, J.D., Molecular Biology of the Cell, Garland Publishing Inc., New York.

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Course Outcomes (COs):

Course	After the Completion of the Course, the student will be	CognitiveLevel
Outcome	able to –	CognitiveLevel
CO1	Understand and analyze the molecular components of plasma membrane of a cell and their arrangement, their role in transport of micro and macromolecules between its internal and external environment.	K1, K2. K4
CO2	Know about microtubules and microfilaments in making the cytoskeleton of a cell and how they help in the transport of molecules needed for cell cycle. Also, know about the cell surface receptors and how they work in cell signaling through signal transduction pathway.	K1, K2
CO3	Acquire knowledge on adhesion molecules and structures that make contact between two adjacent cells; know about the fact lying behind on the growth of cells by mitosis and meiosis and the factors involved in cell cycle regulation.	K3, K4, K5
CO4	Know the facts behind the gene organization of chromosomes and how the genes get expressed and regulated. Know about the use of genes in genetic analyses.	K2, K3, K5
CO5	Understand the process of translation and how the translated protein is getting segregated and reach their respective organelles for their suitable function.	K1, K2.

K1- Remember; K2- Understand; K3- Apply; K4- Analyze; K5- Evaluate; K6- Create.

MAPPING WITH PO

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PO13	PO14	PO15
CO1	Н	Н	M	M	M	L	L	M	L	Н	M	L	M	L	M
CO2	Н	Н	M	M	M	L	L	M	L	Н	M	L	L	L	M
CO3	Н	Н	M	M	M	L	L	M	L	Н	L	L	L	L	M
CO4	Н	Н	M	M	Н	L	L	M	L	Н	L	L	L	L	M
CO5	Н	Н	M	M	Н	Н	M	M	M	Н	L	M	M	L	Н

Mapping with PSO:

COs	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5	PSO6
CO1	Н	Н	L	M	L	Н
CO2	Н	Н	L	M	L	M
CO3	Н	M	L	L	L	M
CO4	Н	M	L	M	M	M
CO5	Н	M	M	L	M	M

(H-High, M-Medium, L-Low)

Core paper 4 MICROBIOLOGY & MICROBIAL PHYSIOLOGY

Semester	•	I Semester								
Course Type Core Compulsory Paper - 4										
Title of the Course MICROBIOLOGY & MICROBIAL PHYSIOLOG										
Course Code										
Teaching Hou	rs	60 Hours/ Semester: 4 Ho	urs	/ week						
	MICROBIOLOGY & Credits: 4 M						Max. Marks: 100 ernal: 25, External 75)			
Course Prereque The student sho		e a basic knowledge on micro	obio	logy			n			
CODE:	\mathbf{N}	IICROBIOLOGY & MICR	ROB	IAL	L	T	P	С		
		PHYSIOLOGY		4	-	-	4			
Course Objectives	•	 To learn the structural organization, morphology and reproduction of microbes To develop a sufficient background to students about the growth of Microbes 								
Module 1	Histor	ry and Scope of Microbiology					12 h	ours		

Generation theory – Contribution of Leuwenhoek, Louis Pasteur, Robert Koch, Edward Jenner, Joseph Lister, Winogradsky, Waksman and John Tyndall. Classification of microorganisms – Haeckel's three kingdom concept, Whittaker's five kingdom concept, Carl Woes three domain system, Bacterial classification (outline) according to Bergey's manual of systemic Bacteriology. Morphological types, Cell wall of Gram negative, Gram positive bacteria and halophiles. Cell wall synthesis. Capsule composition and function. Cell membranes in Eubacteria, archaebacteria and cyanobacteria, Cell membrane functions. Periplasmicspace. Structure and function of flagella, cilia and pili, gas vesicles, chlorosomes, carboxysomes, magnetosomes and phycobilisomes. Reserve food materials – polyhydroxybutyrate, polyphosphates, cyanophycin and sulphur inclusions. General

account on mycolp	pasma.	
Module 2	General Characteristics	12 hours
Rhodophyta (Red their functions, n (<i>Aspergillus</i>), Zy distinctive proper Purification assay	ructure and Reproduction of Algae: Chlorophyta (Green algae), Fungi: Cell wall – chemical composition and function utritional strategies of fungi. Structure and life cycle of gomycetes (<i>Mucor</i>), Basidiomycetes (<i>Agaricus</i>) and Proties, morphology and ultra-structure of Virus, Classification of virus. Bacteriophages - structural organization and life cycle	ons, membranes and fungi Ascomycetes totozoa. Discovery, on, Cultivation and
	s - viroid and prion. Growth of Bacteria	12 hours
induction of synd Physiological ada	Growth kinetics - batch culture, continuous culture and sy chrony. Factors affecting growth - nutrition, aeration, ten ptation to extreme environmental conditions. Nutritional ty ased on carbon, energy and electron sources	mperature and pH.
Module 4	Bacterial Photosynthesis	12 hours
Structure of phophycobilins. Photocyclic and cyclic	ound. General types of microbial photosynthesis - oxygen otosynthetic pigments — chlorophylls, bacteriochlorophyll synthetic bacteria - green sulphur and purple. Mechanism of pelectron transport. Photophosphorylation. Carbon assimilation di hydroxyl propionate cycle.	l, carotenoids and hotosynthesis - non-
	Nitrogen Metabolism	12 hours
Nitrogen cycle - enzyme, physiolog	ammonification, nitrification, denitrification and nitrogen by of nitrogen fixation in symbiotic and free living bacteria. Correduction assay. Transamination and deamination.	
ReferenceBooks	 Atlas, R.A. and Bartha, R., 2000, Microbial Ecology Application, Benjamin Cummings, New York. Dubey, R.C. and Maheswari, D.K., 2013, A Text Boo Revised Edition, S. Chand and Company Ltd, New De Madigan, M.T., Martinka, M., Parker, J. and Brock, T. 	ok of Microbiology, lhi.

- of Microorganisms, 12th Edition, Prentice Hall, New Jerry.
- 4. Mark Wheelis, 2010, Principles of Modern Microbiology, Jones & Bartlett India Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi.
- 5. Pelczar, M.J., Schan, E.C. and Kreig, N.R., 2010, Microbiology An Application Based Approach, 5th Edition, Tata McGraw Hill Publishing Company Limited, New Delhi.
- 6. Prescott, L.M., Harley, J.P. and Helin, D.A., 2008, Microbiology, 5th Edition, McGraw Hill, New York.
- 7. Schlegal, H.G., 1995, General Microbiology, 7th Edition, Cambridge University Press.
- Stanier, R., Lingraham, Y., Wheelis, M.L. and Painter, R.P., 1986, General Microbiology, 5th Edition, Macmillan, London.
 Stryer, L. 2010, Biochemistry, 7th Edition, W.H. Freeman and Company,
- Stryer, L. 2010, Biochemistry, 7th Edition, W.H. Freeman and Company, New York.
- 10. Tortora G.J., Funke, B.R. and Case, C.L., 2009, Microbiology, 9th Edition, Dorling Kindersely (India) Pvt. Ltd., Noida.

After the completion of the course, the student will be able to

Course Outcomes	Cognitive Level
CO1: Got an idea about the history of microbiology, classification	K1, K2
and ultrastructure of microbes	
CO2: Acquire knowledge on the structure and reproduction of	K1, K2
algae, fungi, protozoa, virus, bacteriophages	
CO3: Got an idea about the growth kinetics and the factors	K1, K2, K3
affecting the growth of bacteria	
CO4: Understand about the mechanism of microbial	K2, K3
photosynthesis, structure of photosynthetic pigments	
CO5: Understand about the nitrogen metabolism and their	K2, K3
genetics in microbes	

K1 – Remember, K2 – Understand, K3 – Application, K4 – Analysis, K5 – Evaluate, K6 – Create

MAPPING WITH PO

	PO1	PO2	PPO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PO13	PO14	PO15
CO1	Н	M	L	L	L	M	L	L	L	M	M	L	L	M	M
CO ₂	Н	M	L	L	M	L	L	L	L	M	M	L	L	M	M
CO3	Н	M	L	L	M	L	L	L	L	M	M	L	M	M	M
CO4	Н	M	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	M	M	L	M	M	M
CO5	Н	L	M	L	M	M	L	M	L	L	L	L	L	M	L

MAPPING WITH PSO

	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5	PSO6
CO1	Н	Н	Н	M	Н	M
CO2	Н	M	M	Н	M	M
CO3	Н	M	L	M	M	L
CO4	M	Н	M	M	Н	L
CO5	Н	M	M	M	Н	M

PRACTICAL COVERING CORE PAPERS 1 AND 2

Semester	I Semester
Course Type	Core Compulsory Course Practical - 1
Title of the Course	BIODIVERSITY CONSERVATION & BIOSYSTEMATICS AND
	BIOCHEMISTRY & BIOCHEMICAL TECHNIQUES
Course Code	

Teaching Hours	60 hours/semester	: 4 hours/we	ek						
BIO	DIVERSITY		Credits: 2	Max. Marks: 100					
CON	ISERVATION	&		(Internal: 50;					
BIO	SYSTEMATICS	AND		External: 50)					
BIO	CHEMISTRY	&							
BIO	CHEMICAL TECH	NIQUES							
Course Propognicite	Courage Drama entities								

Course Prerequisites:

The students should know the basics of biochemistry & knowledge on the biodiversity of marine organisms

	BIODIVERSITY CONSERVATION & L T P C	
CODE:	BIOSYSTEMATICS AND	
	BIOCHEMISTRY & BIOCHEMICAL - 4 2	
	TECHNIQUES	
	To insulate /imment skills to menform your over tests/second and averaging	nta

Course Objectives

- To inculcate/impart skills to perform various tests/assays and experiments.
- To provide qualitative & quantitative analysis of the macromolecules in the given sample and analyze the results.
- To provide students with a deep insight of the various biochemical reactions and cellular processes through quantitative and qualitative analysis of the samples provided.
- 1. Estimation of primary productivity in a sea weed
- 2. Study of sandy, muddy and rocky shore fauna with special reference to adaptation to environment
- 3. Identification of important marine invertebrates
- 4. Identification of important vertebrates
- 5. Identification of important marine plants
- 6. Qualitative analysis of protein, carbohydrate, lipid and nucleic acids
- 7. Quantification of total carbohydrate
- 8. Quantification of aminoacids by ninhydrin method
- 9. Quantification of protein by Lowry's method
- 10. Quantification of RNA by Orcinol method
- 11. Quantification of DNA by diphenyl amine method
- 12. Analysis of DNA by Agarose gel electrophoresis (Demonstration)
- 13. Separation of any biomolecule by Thin Layer Chromatography

PRACTICAL COVERING CORE PAPERS 3 AND 4

Semester		I Semester					
Course Type Practical II							
Title of the Course		MOLECULAR CELL BIOLO	OY&MI	CROBIC	OLOGY	AND	
		MICROBIAL PHYSIOLOGY	Z				
Course Code							
Teaching Hou	rs						
	MOL	ECULAR CELL	Cred	its: 4	\mathbf{M}	lax. Mai	rks:
		OY&MICROBIOLOGY					
	AND 1	MICROBIAL					
	PHYS	IOLOGY					
Course Prerequ	uisites:						
The student sho	uld hav	e basic practical knowledge on m	icrobiol	ogy and c	ell biol	ogy	
CODE:		MOLECULAR CELL		L	T	P	C
CODE:	В	IOLOY&MICROBIOLOGY A	ND				
		MICROBIAL PHYSIOLOGY	Y		-	-	
Course Objectives	•	• The candidate will gain hands-on knowledge and acquire adequate skill required to sterilize media and to prepare, inoculate observe and distinguish bacteria, fungi and their growth patterns in different media.					
Course Outcomes	Sterilization techniques, competently prepare various types of media				fferentiate		

CO3:skilled to perform the extraction and characterization of chromatin and techniques for studying its modifications,

LIST OF PRACTICALS

- 1. 1. Principle and methods of sterilization
- 2. Preparation of media: nutrient broth, nutrient agar plate, soft agar
- 3. Pure culture techniques: streak plate, spread plate and pour plate
- 4. Motility determination Hanging drop method
- 5. Isolation and enumeration of bacteria from different environmental samples
- 6. Enumeration of bacteria viable count (plate count) and total count (Haemocytometer count)
 Direct microscopic observation of fungal spores and mycelium
- 7. Staining method: simple, negative, Gram's staining and spore staining
- 8. Fungal slide culture
- 9. Measurement of growth rate and generation time by turbidometry method
- 10. Measurement of cell size by micrometry
- 11. Identification of mitotic phases from onion root tip.
- 12. Identification of meiotic phases from grass hopper testis
- 13. Observation of Giant Chromosomes (Polytene-Chirnomous larva)
- 14. Identification of Sex Chromatin (Barr Body) from human epithelial cell

ELECTIVE PAPER 1a: BIOSTATSTICS AND COMPUTER APPLICATION

Semester	I Semester
Course Type	ELECTIVE PAPER 1a
Title of the Course	BIOSTATSTICS AND COMPUTER APPLICATION
Course Code	NMYEA
Teaching Hours	45 Hours/ Semester : 4 Hours/ week

NMYEA	BIOSTATSTICS AND COMPUTER	Credits: 3	Max. Marks: 100
	APPLICATION		

Course Prerequisites:

The student should possess basic knowledge on general aspects about Biostatistics, statistical data representations, statistical measures and analysis of biological data, as well as to know the available statistical tools and interpretation of statistical data through computer software.

CODE:	BIOSTATISTICS AND COMPUTER	L	T	P	C
NMYEA	APPLICATION	3	-	-	3
Course Objectives	 To know the basic concepts of biostat statistics and statistical methods To understand about data, their types, and data and presentation of data through vario Enable to understand the statistical me averages, deviations, test of significance, & Regression analysis, etc. To understand about basic computer appli biological data by using various computer 	methods us modal asures th hypothet cation in	involve ities. rough ical and relation	ed in coll determinallysis, con with an	ection of nation of orrelation
Unit I STATSTICAL INTRODUCTION				9 hours	

Definition of statistics, History and growth of statistics, Statistical methods, Types of biological data, Population, Samples from populations and Random sampling.

Unit II	DATA INTERVAL AND REPRACENTATION	9 hours
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Collection, organization and tabulation of data, Diagrammatic representation of data, Types of diagrams and Graphical representation of data.

Unit III	STATSTICAL MEASURES	9 hours
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Measures of Central Tendency- mean, median and mode, Measures of dispersion and variability – range, dispersion measured with quartiles, mean deviation, variance and standard deviation, Comparison of means and variances.

Unit IV	STATISTICAL HYPOTHESIS AND ANALYSIS	9 hours			
Proportion of data	oportion of data - Examples of proportion data, Statistical treatment of proportion of data, Cl				
square test and go	quare test and goodness of fit, Application of Chi square test, Sampling and Hypothesis: One and				
Two sample hypo	othesis, Test of Significance, Analysis of Variance: One v	way and Two way			
ANOVA classifica	tion, Regression and Correlation analysis.				
Unit V	INTRODUCTION TO COMPUTER	9 hours			
Basic computer a	pplication: Purpose of computer, types of computer, Hardw	are and Software,			
	uage, Commercial software: Windows, MS Word, Excel, Pow	-			
	tat, SPSS-Intra and Internet, Email, Website Creation, Databa	se in Biology: Pub			
Med, Sequence Ar	alysis, Genome and Protein database genome research.				
ReferenceBooks	 Gupta, S.P., 2010, Practical Statistics, S. Chand at Delhi. Bliss, C.I.K., 1967, Statistics in Biology, Vol. I, Mc Gr Campbell, R.C., 1974, Statistics for Biologists, Car Press, New York. Lutz, W., 1967. Statistics Methods as Applied to Immu In: D.M. Weir (ED). Hand Book of Experimental Immunology, Blackwel Oxford. Jerrold H. Zar, 2009, Biostatistical Analysis, 5th Publications, India. David Baskeen, 2008, Introduction to Computer Appli Cengage Learning Public, UK. Bhose, S.B., 2011, Text book of Computer Application Trinity publishing House, India. 	raw Hill, New York. mbridge University nological data, app. l Publications Ltd., Edition, Pearson cation and Concept,			

Course Outcomes (COs):

Course Outcome	After the Completion of the Course, the student will be able to –	CognitiveLevel
CO1	Understand about the basic concepts of Biostatistics, its history and development, meaning of data, different types of statistical data, etc.	K1, K2

CO2	Know about how to collect biological data and its presentation by following various methodologies like tabulation, diagrammatic and graphical representations.	K2, K3
CO3	Interpret and determine the biological data through some basic statistical measures like measures of Central tendency, Dispersion and variation analysis.	K3, K4, K5
CO4	Test and Analyse the biological data through hypothetical assumption or creation by following some statistical treatments with Chi square test, students 't' test, ANOVA test, Correlation and Regression analysis	K4, K5, K6
CO5	Know about computer application in statistical data analysis, study about available basic software's & hardware's and statistical packages related to data base in biology.	K3, K4, K6

K1- Remember; K2- Understand; K3- Apply; K4- Analyze; K5- Evaluate; K6- Create.

MAPPING CO WITH PO

	PO1	PO2	PPO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PO13	PO14	PO15
CO1	Н	Н	M	Н	Н	M	Н	M	L	Н	L	L	L	L	M
CO2	Н	Н	L	Н	M	M	Н	L	L	Н	L	L	L	L	M
CO3	Н	M	L	Н	Н	Н	Н	L	L	Н	L	L	L	L	M
CO4	Н	M	L	Н	Н	M	Н	L	L	Н	L	L	L	L	Н
CO5	Н	M	M	M	M	L	L	Н	M	Н	M	M	L	L	Н

ELECTIVE PAPER 1b: BIOPHYSICS

Semester I Semester						
Course Type Core Elective Paper – 1 b						
Title of the Course	BIOPHYSICS					
Course Code						
Teaching Hours	45 Hours/ Semester : 3 Hours/ week					
BIO	PHYSICS	Credits: 3	Max. Marks: 100			

			(Inter	rnal: 25, 1	External		
Course Prerequ	isites:			·			
The student shou	ld have a basic knowledge on physics and bio	logy					
CODE:	DIODITYCICC	T	P	C			
	BIOPHYSICS	3	-	-	3		
Course • To get an idea about the physics behind the biological materials Objectives							
Module 1	Introduction of Biophysics			9 hc	ours		
processes in the li Reductionism in characteristics and	www, connections with physics, biology and reving organisms. The possibilities to study phase life sciences, its consequences and limit their classification. Physical characteristics ion, interference, diffraction, optical properties	ysical pro nits. Elec of light,	ocess in etromagn light sp	biologica etic wa	l systems. ves, their		
Module 2	Radioactivity and X-rays			9 h	ours		
X-rays, their prop	perties, sources of X-radiation, applications	of X-rays	to biol	ogy and	medicine		
•	radioactive isotopes, characteristics of radi	•					
	is, effect of radioactive radiations on living or lioactivity in medicine.	ganisms,	measure	ement of 1	radiations		
Module 3	DNA			9 hc	ours		
Basis of Waston	Cricks original model, base pairing schemes	- biolog	ical imp	lication of	of Watson		
Crick base pairing	g scheme – fibre X-ray diffraction studies –	single cry	ystal X-1	ay diffra	ction, and		
NMR studies on	mono- and oligo-nucleotides, DNA polymor	phism, sp	ectrosco	pic study	y of DNA		
 	polymorphism, interactions, structure of RNA, basic differences between DNA and RNA structures						
Module 4	Stability of Protein Structures			9 h	ours		
	ible folding and unfolding, pH titration, cl circular dichroism, NMR methods, structure				ication of		
Module 5	Structure of Biological Membranes	Tunction		9 ho	nire		
riouuic 3	paractare or protogreat friction and			<i>7</i> III	JULD		

Modern membrane theories, the Singer –Nicolson, Fluid – Mosaic membrane model. The transport processes through biological membranes, membrane models, membrane as a selective barrier for different substances, the contribution of lipid bilayer and membrane proteins (channels and transporters) to the biological transport processes. Active and passive forms of the membrane transport. Use of liposomes for membrane models and drug delivery systems.

1. Available in web: Biophysics Textbook online. http://www.biophysics.org
2. Rob Phillips, Jane Kondev, Julie (Eds.), 2011, Biological Physics –
Energy, Information, W.H. Freenan company.
3. Rob Phillips, Jane Kondev, Julie Thriot, Hernan G. Garcia (Eds), 2011, 2nd
Edition, Physical Biology of Cell, Illustrated by Nigel Orme
4. William Bailek (Ed.), 2012, Biophysics-Searching for Principes, Princteon University Press
5. Voet, D., & Voet, J.G., 1995, Biochemistry, 2nd Edition, John Wiely & Sons.

Course Outcomes (COs):

Course Outcome	After the Completion of the Course, the student will be able to –	CognitiveLevel
CO1	Get an idea about the physical factors involved in life sciences	K1, K2
CO2	To get an idea and knowledge of radioactivity and X-ray	K2, K3, K4
CO3	To get an idea about the techniques involved in the study of nucleic acids – DNA and RNA	K2, K3, K4
CO4	To get an idea about the techniques involved in the study of proteins	K2, K3, K4
CO5	To get an idea about the physical factors involved in the biological membranes	K1, K2, K3

K1- Remember; K2- Understand; K3- Apply; K4- Analyze; K5- Evaluate; K6- Create.

MAPPING WITH PO

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PO13	PO14	PO15
--	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	------	------	------	------	-------------	-------------

CO1	Н	M	Н	Н	Н	L	L	M	L	L	L	Н	Н	L	L
CO2	Н	L	Н	M	Н	M	L	M	L	L	M	Н	Н	L	L
CO3	Н	M	M	M	Н	L	L	L	L	M	L	L	M	L	L
CO4	Н	M	L	M	L	M	L	M	L	M	M	L	Н	L	L
CO5	Н	M	M	M	M	L	M	Н	M	M	M	M	M	L	M

CORE 5 DEVELOPMENTAL BIOLOGY

CORE PAPER/Ppr-3: DEVELOPMENTAL BIOLOGY

Semester	II Semester
Course Type	CORE PAPER
Title of the Course	DEVELOPMENTAL BIOLOGY
Course Code	
Teaching Hours	60 Hours/ Semester : 4 Hours/ week

DEVELOPMENTAL BIOLOGY Credits: 4 Max. Marks: 100	
--------------------------------------------------	--

Course Prerequisites:

The student should possess basic knowledge on male and female gametes, fertilization and embryo development. They may have the cellular events taking place in fertilized egg like cleavage, blastulation and gastrulation. May have knowledge on types of reproduction including sexual and asexual reproduction.

CODE:	DELICI ODMENICAL DIOLOGIA	L	T	P	C
•••••	DEVELOPMENTAL BIOLOGY	4	-	-	4

Course Objectives	 To give the basic knowledge on the various cordevelopment. To understand the sequential changes from cellular grade organ grade of organization in the multicellular organisms. To make understand the existence of indirect development groups and how they develop through metamorphosis. To highlight the reproductive aspects of human beings and Assisted Reproductive Technologies and to make awar methods in birth control. 	e of organization to s. nent among animal d the importance of						
Module I	HISTORY AND BASIC CONCEPTS OF DEVELOPMENT	12 hours						
Definition and Scope of Gametogenesis – Spermatogenesis – Oogenesis – Vitellogenesis - Structure of Sperm and Egg. Fertilization: Pre and Post fertilization events – significance; Parthenogenesis.								
Module II	STAGES OF DEVELOPMENT	12 hours						
	Blastula, Gastrula, Neurula - Cell fate commitment — Pote ells — Lineages of 3 germ layers — fate map — Germ cell specia / Zebrafish.							
Module III	EARLY DEVELOPMENT OF EMBRYO	12 hours						
	astrulation – Axis specification – Dorsoventral and							
Anterior-posterior,	, Body plan patterning							
Module IV	LATE DEVELOPMENT OF EMBRYO	12 hours						
	Organogenesis – Eg. Rat. Development of eye, ear, heart and brain. Metamorphic events in frog and its hormonal regulation.							
Module V	HUMAN EMBRYOLOGY	12 hours						

Implantation of embryo in humans, placenta in humans and its function, manipulation of reproduction in humans – infertility (Male and Female), IUI, IVF, Artificial insemination, test tube babies, Amniocentrosis. Birth control, contraceptive devices- surgical and hormonal methods.

babies, Amniocent	trosis. Birt	h control, contraceptive devices- surgical and hormonal methods.								
	1.	Balinsky, B.J.Introduction to Embryology, W.B.Saunders,								
	Philadelph	nia,USA.								
	2.	Developmental Biology: R.M.Twyman. Bios scientific publishers, Ltd. New Delhi (2001).								
	3.	Gilbert. Developmental Biology, ANE Books India, Avantika Niwas, 19, Doraiswamy Road, T.nager, Chennai-600 017.								
	4. Goel,S.C. Principles of Animal Developmental Biology, Himalaya Publishing House,Ramdoot,Dr.Bhalerao Marg									
ReferenceBooks	_	Kelewadi)Girgaon,Mumbai – 400 004.								
	5.	Rao, K.V. Developmental Biology. A Modern Synthesis. Oxford & IBH Publishing company Private Limited, S-155 Panchshila Park, New Delhi 110017.								
	6.	Sastry.K.V. and Vineeta Shukal, Developmental Biology Rastogi								
	7.	Publications Gangotri, Shivaji Road, Meerut-250 002. Verma.P.S. and V.K. Agarwal. Chordate Embryology (10 h Edition).S. Chand & Company Ltd.7361 Ram Nagar, Qutab Road, New Delhi – 110055.								

Course Outcomes (COs):

Course	After the Completion of the Course, the student will be	CognitiveLevel
Outcome	CognitiveLevel	
CO1	Understand the basic concepts of development like gametogenesis, vitellogenesis and post fertilization events and also acquire knowledge on parthenogenetic development.	K1, K2.
CO2	Know and analyze the stages of development of zygote in to an adult by observing the sequential development stages	K1, K2, K4

	in Zebra fish embryo. Understand the concepts of embryonic stem cells, germinal layers and their migration.	
СОЗ	Understand about the different developmental processes starting from cleavage of zygote, blastulation, gastrulation and how the germinal layers take part in body plan patterning.	K1, K2.
CO4	Acquire knowledge on the development of organs like eye, ear, heart and brain and the regulation of their development. Know about indirect development that leads to the formation of an embryonic stage, the larva and its development in to adult through metamorphosis.	K2, K3, K4.
CO5	Know about human embryo development with special reference to implantation and placental development understand the significance of Assisted Reproductive Technologies (ART) in case of barren couples and the causes leading to ART. Know about the various contraceptive methods in birth control.	K1, K2.

K1- Remember; K2- Understand; K3- Apply; K4- Analyze; K5- Evaluate; K6- Create.

MAPPING WITH PO

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PO13	PO14	PO15
CO1	Н	M	Н	Н	Н	L	L	M	L	L	L	Н	Н	L	L
CO ₂	Н	L	Н	M	Н	M	L	M	L	L	M	Н	Н	L	L
CO3	Н	M	M	M	Н	L	L	L	L	M	L	L	M	L	L
CO4	Н	M	L	M	L	M	L	M	L	M	M	L	Н	L	L
CO5	Н	M	M	M	M	L	M	Н	M	M	M	M	M	L	M

CORE PAPER 6 GENOMICS AND BIOINFORMATICS

Semester	I Semester
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Course Type Core Compulsory Paper - 6								
Title of the Co	ourse	GENOMICS & BIOINFORM	IATICS					
Course Code								
Teaching Hours 60 Hours/ Semester : 4 Hours/ week								
		OMICS & NFORMATICS	Cred	lits: 4	4 Max. Mark (Internal: 25, 75)			
Course Prerec	quisites:							
The student sho	ould hav	re a basic knowledge on gene org	anizatior	and bioi	nformat	ics		
CODE:			DI CC	L	T	P	С	
	G	ENOMICS & BIOINFORMAT	TICS	4	-	-	4	
Course Objectives	•	To get a basic knowledge of search engines and sequer bioinformatic tools						
Module 1	Intro	duction to Genomics				12 h	ours	
genome organi	ization Telome	Genes within a Genome, Eukary and evolution. Chromatins, ere, Transposons, Promoters, E ne Project.	Histones	, Exons	Intro	ns, Min	isatellites,	
Module 2	Mari	ne Genomics				12 h	ours	
Metagenomics,	Populati	ion genomics, Environmental gen	omics a	nalysis ar	d applic	cations. I	Functional	
genomics in m	odels a	nimals - fugu, Medaka, Zebra	fish. T	ranscripti	on Reg	ulatory	sequence,	
	_	ne expression analysis by tran	script p	rofiling,	genome	e wide	functional	
analysis. Genon		ectives in molecular clock.						
Module 3	Meth	ods in Genomics				12 h	ours	
_		on of DNA (genomic and plami	_	_	_			
cloning of DNA	fragme	nts in bacterial and eukaryotic sy	stemes;	expression	on of rec	combinar	nt proteins	

using bacterial vectors; isolation of specific nucleic acid sequences; generation of genomic and cDNA libraries in plasmid, phage, cosmid, BAC and YAC vectors; gene knock out in bacterial and eukaryotic organisms; DNA analysis of gene expression at RNA and protein level, RFLP, RAPD and AFLP techniques.

Module 4 **Bioinformatics** 12 hours

Introduction to Bioinformatics: Definition and history of Bioinformatics, Internet and Bioinformatics, Information Networks, EMBney-, Intranet and Internet Packages, Basics, WWW, HTML, URLs Browsers, applications of Bioinformatics, DNA sequence Databases, Protein Sequence Databases.

Module 5 12 hours

Basic concepts of sequence similarity, pairwise sequence alignments, Needleman & Wuncsh, Smith & Waterman algorithms, Scoring matrices PAM and BLOSUM Matrices, BLAST and FASTA algorithm, multiple sequence alignments (MSA), Importance of MSA, Clustal W and Pileup, Definition and description of phylogenetic trees and various types of trees, methods and programs for Phylogenetic tree construction.

- 1. Arthur M. Lesk, 2003, Introduction to Bioinformatics, Oxford University Press. New Delhi.
- 2. Attwood, T.K., 2003, Introduction to Bioinformatics, Pearson Education, Ltd., New Delhi.
- 3. Benjamin Lewin, 2007, Genes 9, 9th Revised Edition, Jones and Bartlett Publishers, Inc.
- 4. Brown, T.A., 2006, Genomes, 3rd Edition, Garland Science.
- 5. Chris Town, 2002, Functional Genomics, 1st Edition.
- - 6. Edgar Jacoby, 2006, 1st Edition, Chemogenomics: Knowledge Based Approaches to Drug Discovery, Imperial College Press.
 - 7. Higgins, D., and Taylor, W., 2000, Bioinformatics Sequence, Structure and Data Banks, Oxford University Press, New Delhi.
 - 8. Julio Licino (Ed.), Ma-Li Wong (Ed.), 2002, Pharmacogenomics: The Search for Individualized Therapies, 1st Edition, Wiley-Blackwell.
 - 9. Werner Kalow, U.A. Meyar, Rachel F. Tyndal, 2005, Pharmacogenomics, 2nd Edition, CRC Press.

ReferenceBooks

After the completion of the course, the student will be able to

Course Outcomes	Cognitive Level
CO1: Understand the components of genome organization and	K1, K2
human genome project	
CO2: Get an idea about the marine organisms genomics with	K1, K2
model animals	
CO3: Acquire knowledge on different involved in the genome	K2, K3, K4
analysis	
CO4: Obtain knowledge on basic bioinformatics like introduction,	K2, K3, K4, K5
history different types of bioinformatics databases	
CO5: Get an idea and skill on the different methods adopted to	K2, K3, K4, K5
find the sequence similarity	

 $K1-Remember,\ K2-Understand,\ K3-Application,\ K4-Analysis,\ K5-Evaluate,\ K6-Create$

	PO1	PO2	PPO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PO13	PO14	PO15
CO1	Н	M	Н	L	M	M	M	M	M	M	L	L	L	L	L
CO2	Н	M	Н	L	M	M	M	Н	M	M	L	L	L	L	L
CO3	Н	M	Н	Н	Н	Н	M	Н	Н	M	M	M	M	L	M
CO4	L	M	Н	Н	Н	Н	M	Н	Н	M	Н	Н	Н	L	Н
CO5	L	M	Н	Н	Н	Н	M	Н	Н	M	Н	Н	Н	L	Н

PRACTICAL COVERING CORE PAPER 5 AND 6

Semester		II Semester					
Course Type		Practical II					
Title of the Cou	Title of the Course DEVELOPMENTAL BIOLOGY&GENOMICS AND						
		BIOINFORMATICS					
Course Code							
Teaching Hours							
DEVELOPMENTAL			Credits: 4	Max. Marks:			

BIOLOGY&GENOMICS AND BIOINFORMATICS Course Prerequisites: The student should have basic practical knowledge on microbiology and cell biology **DEVELOPMENTAL** L T \mathbf{C} P CODE: **BIOLOGY&GENOMICS AND BIOINFORMATICS** Name, describe and order the main stages of development common to most multicellular organisms. Describe the main anatomical changes that occur during development To gain knowledge on various techniques, algorithms and tools employed Course in DNA sequencing, assembly and its applications in Next Generation **Objectives** Sequencing. Describe about the various techniques, algorithms and tools used for Phylogenetic Analysis After completing this course, student is expected to learn the following: CO1: Be able to discuss the critical contributions of the sperm and the egg to the zygote, and how structure informs function CO2: To get exposed to various tools and methodologies used in multiple Course sequence alignment, phylogenetic analysis and genetic diversity analysis observed Outcomes in biological sequences CO3: To gain knowledge about various Biological databases that provide information about nucleic acids and protein. CO4:skilled to perform the mounting of different organs,

LIST OF PRACTICALS

- 1. Observation of gonads in fish.
- 2. Mounting of live sperms and eggs of fish / crustaceans.
- 3. Induced ovulation in fish.
- 4. Temporary mounting of chick blastoderm.
- 5 Developmental stages of shrimp and Artemia.
- 6. Isolation of metagenomic DNA from sediments / seawater.

- 7. PCR amplification and sequencing of 16S rRNA gene.
- 8. Expression of haemolysin gene from aquatic bacterial pathogens.
- 9. BLAST analysis.
- 10. Multiple sequence alignment by Clustal X analysis.11. Construction of phylogenetic tree by different methods.
- 12. SWISS PROT analysis, Conserved domain analysis, MOTIFS and Waterman algorithm

CORE PAPER 7 IMMUNOLOGY

Semester		II Semester					
Course Type		Core Compulsory Paper – 7					
Title of the Course		IMMUNOLOGY					
Course Code							
Teaching Hour	rs	60 Hours/ Semester : 4 Hours/ week					
	IMM	UNOLOGY	Credits: 4	Max. Marks: 100 (Internal: 25, External 75)			
Course Prerequisites: The student should have a basic knowledge on immunology							

CODE:	IMMUNOLOGY	L	T	P	C			
		4	-	-	4			
	To provide knowledge on immunity syste	m and fis	h immu	nology	_ !			
Course Objectives	To understand the mechanism of antigen	antibody	reaction	1				
Module 1	Innate and Acquired Immunity:			12 h	ours			
Phlogeny and Ont	togeny of immune system - organization and stru	cture of ly	mphoid	organs.	Cells of the			
immune system a	nd their differentiation - Lymphocyte traffic - Na	ature of ir	nmune	response	. Nature o			
Antigens: Antigeni	city and immunogenicity - Factors influencing imi	munogenio	ity - Epi	topes and	d haptens			
Superantigens - St	ructure and Functions of Antibodies - Classes and	subclasses	s - Gross	and fine	structure			
Superantigens - Structure and Functions of Antibodies - Classes and subclasses - Gross and fine structure								
Antihody mediated	A effector functions - Antigen- Ah interactions in vit	ro and in v			oti dotai c			
Antibody mediated	d effector functions - Antigen- Ab interactions in vit	ro and in v			or accare			
Antibody mediated	d effector functions - Antigen- Ab interactions <i>in vit</i>	ro and in v			or actar c			
Antibody mediated Module 2	d effector functions - Antigen- Ab interactions in vit COMPLEMENT SYSTEM	ro and in v			nours			
Module 2	-		ivo.	12 h	iours			
Module 2 Components, cont	COMPLEMENT SYSTEM	ocompatik	ivo.	12 h	nours mouse and			
Module 2 Components, cont HLA system in hum	COMPLEMENT SYSTEM rol proteins and activation pathways, Major Hist	ocompatik	ivo. Dility Cordistribut	12 h mplex in ion - pept	nours mouse and			
Module 2 Components, cont HLA system in hum - expression and d Models for Ig gene	COMPLEMENT SYSTEM rol proteins and activation pathways, Major Hist nan MHC haplotypes - class I and class II molecules liversity - disease susceptibility and MHC/HLA org e structure - multigene organization of Ig genes - D	ocompatik - cellular (ganization	ivo. pility Coodistribut and exp	12 h mplex in ion - pept ression o	nours mouse and tide binding f Ig genes			
Module 2 Components, cont HLA system in hum - expression and d Models for Ig gene	COMPLEMENT SYSTEM rol proteins and activation pathways, Major Hist nan MHC haplotypes - class I and class II molecules liversity - disease susceptibility and MHC/HLA org	ocompatik - cellular (ganization	ivo. pility Coodistribut and exp	12 h mplex in ion - pept ression o	nours mouse and tide binding f Ig genes			
Module 2 Components, cont HLA system in hum - expression and d Models for Ig gene	COMPLEMENT SYSTEM rol proteins and activation pathways, Major Hist nan MHC haplotypes - class I and class II molecules liversity - disease susceptibility and MHC/HLA org e structure - multigene organization of Ig genes - D	ocompatik - cellular (ganization DNA rearra	oility Coo distribut and exp ngemen	12 h mplex in ion - pept ression o ts and me	nours mouse and tide binding f Ig genes			
Module 2 Components, cont HLA system in hum - expression and d Models for Ig gene Generation of antil	COMPLEMENT SYSTEM Trol proteins and activation pathways, Major Histman MHC haplotypes - class I and class II molecules liversity - disease susceptibility and MHC/HLA orgestructure - multigene organization of Ig genes - Debody diversity - Differential expression of Ig genes.	ocompatik - cellular (ganization DNA rearra TIATION	ivo. bility Cordistribut and expringement	12 h mplex in ion - pept ression o ts and me	nours mouse and tide binding f Ig genes echanisms			
Module 2 Components, cont HLA system in hum - expression and d Models for Ig gene Generation of antil Module 3 - Isolation, molecu	COMPLEMENT SYSTEM rol proteins and activation pathways, Major Histonan MHC haplotypes - class I and class II molecules liversity - disease susceptibility and MHC/HLA orgets structure - multigene organization of Ig genes - Edody diversity - Differential expression of Ig genes. T CELL ACTIVATION AND DIFFERENT	cocompatible - cellular of canization DNA rearra	oility Cordistribut and exp ngemen	12 h mplex in ion - pept ression o ts and me 12 h uration ar	mours mouse and tide binding f lg genes echanisms nours nd thymus			
Module 2 Components, cont HLA system in hum - expression and d Models for Ig gene Generation of antil Module 3 - Isolation, molecu TH- cell activation	COMPLEMENT SYSTEM rol proteins and activation pathways, Major Histman MHC haplotypes - class I and class II molecules liversity - disease susceptibility and MHC/HLA orgenstructure - multigene organization of Ig genes - Debody diversity - Differential expression of Ig genes. T CELL ACTIVATION AND DIFFERENT lar components and structure of T-cell receptor components.	ocompatible occupanization of the companization of	oility Coodistribute and expense of the cooling of	12 h mplex in ion - pept ression o ts and me 12 h uration ar	mours mouse and tide binding f Ig genes echanisms nours nd thymus generation			
Module 2 Components, cont HLA system in hum - expression and d Models for Ig gene Generation of antil Module 3 - Isolation, molecu TH- cell activation activation and diffe	COMPLEMENT SYSTEM rol proteins and activation pathways, Major Histonan MHC haplotypes - class I and class II molecules liversity - disease susceptibility and MHC/HLA orgetstructure - multigene organization of Ig genes - Dody diversity - Differential expression of Ig genes. T CELL ACTIVATION AND DIFFERENT lar components and structure of T-cell receptor comechanism - T- cell differentiation - Cell death and	ocompatible occupanization of the companization of	oility Coodistribute and expense of the cooling of	12 h mplex in ion - pept ression o ts and me 12 h uration ar	mours mouse and tide binding f Ig genes echanisms nours nd thymus generation			

12 hours

Module 4

CYTOKINES

Definition and salient functional features - Cytokine receptors - Cytokines and immune response - Cell-mediated effector functions - Cell adhesion molecules - Effectors cells and molecules - CTL and NK cells-mechanism of action - Immunological tolerance and Anti-immunity - Delayed type hypersensitivity - Hypersensitivity: Types and immunological reactions and immune response to infection agents especially intracellular parasites

introduction agents especially in initial ological reactions and initialize response to infection agents especially									
intracellular parasites									
Module 5	SHELL AND FIN FISH IMMUNOLOGY	12 hours							
Overview of Fish and Crustacean immune system; Types of Immunity: Innate, adaptive, cell mediated ar									
humoral immunity; Cell and organ involved immune system. Immune regulation in fish: Major									
Histocompatibility Complex (MHC), Cytokines, Antigen-Antibody recognition by B and T Cells. Crustacean									
defense mechanism	: Toll Like Receptors (TRL) and Pattern Recognition Receptors (PRRs), Prophenol Oxidase							
system, Phagocytos	s, Coagulation and antimicrobial peptides, Lysozyme activity and support of the company of the c	peroxide anion.							
	1. Chakravarthy, A.K., 1996, Immunology, Tata Mc Gr	aw Hill Publishing							
	Co. Ltd.,New Delhi.								
	2. Roitt, I.M., 2000, Essential Immunology, Blackwell Sci	ientific Publishers.							
	3. Kuby, J., 1999, Immunology, W.H. Freeman and Comp	oany, New York.							
ReferenceBooks	4. Paul, 1999, Fundamental Immunology, 4 th Edition, Lipp	pencott Raven							
Referencebooks	5 Abas, Lichtman and Pobler, 1997, Cellular and Mole	cular Immunology,							
	W.B. Saunders Company.								
	The Johnson								

Course Outcomes (CO): After completion of the course, a student will be able to achieve these outcomes

Course	Description	Cognitive
outcome		
(CO)		
CO1	Students gain knowledge about immune system and ttypes of	K1,K2,K3
	immunity. They study about the components of immune system and	
	their functions	
CO2	Understanding And knowledge on complement system and	K2,K3
	organization and expression of Ig genes	
CO3	Ggain knowledge about structure, classes and functions of different	K1.K3

	immunoglobulins. They learn about the organization of immunoglobulin genes and about the development and function of T and B lymphocytes.	
CO4	Students gain knowledge about the interdependence of cell mediated and humoral immunity. They understand about the importance of Major Histocompatability complex and its classes. Also gain knowledge about Hypersensitivity and Autoimmunity.	K1,K2,K3,K5
CO5	Understandig on shell and fin fish immunology	K2,k3.

K1 – Remember, K2 – Understand, K3 – Application, K4 – Analysis, K5 – Evaluate, K6 – Create

MAPPING WITH PO

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PO13	PO14	PO15
cO1	Н	M	Н	M	M	Н	M	Н	M	M	M	M	M	M	L
cO2	Н	Н	Н	M	Н	M	M	Н	Н	L	M	L	L	M	M
co3	Н	Н	M	M	Н	M	M	M	M	M	L	M	M	M	M
cO4	Н	M	Н	M	Н	L	M	M	M	M	L	L	L	L	M
cO5	Н	M	Н	M	Н	Н	M	M	M	M	L	M	M	L	M

CORE PAPER 8. MARINE BIOMATERIALS

Semester	III Semester
Course Type	Core Compulsory Paper – 8
Title of the Course	MARINE BIOMATERIALS
Course Code	

Teaching Hou	rs 60 Hours/ Semester : 4 Hours/	week				
	MARINE BIOMATERIALS				fax. Marks: 100 ernal: 25, External 75)	
Course Prereq	uisites:				,	
The student sl	hould have a basic knowledge on M	Iicrobiol	ogy ,ma	rine bi	otechnol	ogy and
CODE:	MARINE BIOMATERIALS		L	T	P	С
0022			4	-	-	4
Course Objectives	 are discussed thoroughly Marine biomaterials discovery bone graft to polysaccharide marine-derived collagen, and coorigin. To get an idea about the imperinclude medical applications, a anticoagulants, rehabilitation or bone diseases and diabetes, as applications. 	e-based omposite ortant apantimicre of disease	biomates of diff pplication obial age es such a	erials, cherials, cherent or man of ments, drums cardio	itin and ganisms arine bid g delive ovascular arine and	chitosan, of marine omaterials ry agents, diseases, industrial
Module 1	Introduction				12 h	ours
challenges. Synther visco elasticity, e spectroscopy, trainenergy-dispersive Module 2 Biocompatibility	nemistry and characterization of biomaterial esis of bio-materials, Characterization of Name and group analysis by using ultraviolet-visins in smission electron microscopy, X-ray dif X-ray spectroscopy Biocompatability of bio-materials-Discovery and developments.	noparticle lible spec fraction,	es for phy troscopy, scanning	sical, me Fourier electro	Transform micros 12 heaterials	properties, m Infrared scopy, and ours
-	als for drug delivery and targetingMarine -Biological Activity of Marine Biomaterials.		oiomateria	als for bo	one regene	eration and
Module 3	Modified Biomaterials				12 h	ours

Biosynthesis of nanoparticles Ag, Au, Ru, Fe₂O₃, Cobalt (III) Oxide (Co₂O₃), ZnO and AgCl by marine organisms. Biodegradative biomaterials, Bioactive polymers and biosynthetic polymers, inert biomaterials, genetically engineered biomaterials- Biomedical applications of nanocomposites; Applications of nanoparticles in drug delivery.

Module 4 Application of Biomaterials

12 hours

Biomaterials from Sponges, Ascidians and Other Marine Organisms-Biological materials of marine origin invertebrates. Biosilica, silicate, marine sponge collagen, Chitin from Marine sponges and its applications. Biomaterials from Cnidarians such as sea anemones, corals, sea pens. Coral-derived hydroxyapatite, Mussel adhesive proteins and its applications, Mutable collagenous tissue from echinoderms, sea urchin spines as highly ordered nanoparticles for the design of elastic concrete materials. Cellulose nanocrystals from tunicates and its applications. Biomineralisation of Coccolithophores, dinoflagellates and diatoms and its role in bone repair.

Module 5 Marine Biomaterials-Characterization, Isolation and Applications 12 hours

: Isolation and characterization of marine biomaterials—bioceramics, biopolymers, fatty acids, toxins and pigments, nanoparticles, and adhesive materials. Biological activities of marine biomaterials, including polysaccharides, biotoxins, and peptides. Health benefits of the biomaterials, such as antiviral activity, antidiabetic properties, anticoagulant and anti-allergic effects. Commercialization of marine-derived biomaterials—marine polysaccharides and marine enzymes—and examines industry perspectives and applications. marine biomaterials for biological and biomedical applications. Isolation of novel materials from marine sources..

Nanomaterials Chemistry by C.N. Rao, A. Muller, A.K. Cheetham, Wiley VCH, 2007.

ReferenceBooks

- 2. Nanoscale Materials in Chemistry by Kenneth J. Klabunde, Wiley Interscience Publications, 2001.
- 3. Nanochemistry by G.B. Sergeev, Elseiver Publication, 2006.
- 4. Nanomaterials Handbook by Yury Gogotsi, CRC Press, Taylor & Francis group, 2006.

5.	Biomaterials:	A	Nano A	approach,	Seeram	Ramakrishna	, Murugan
	Ramalingam,	T.S.	Sampath	Kumar,	Winston	O. Soboyejo,	CRC Press,
	2010.						

- 6. Bionanotechnology: Lessons from Nature, David S. Goodsell, by John Wiley & Sons, Inc., 2004.
- 7. Nanobiotechnology: Concepts, Applications and Perspectives, Eds. Christof M. Niemeyer and Chand A. Mirkin, Wiley-VCH Verlag GmbH & Co. KGaA, Weinheim, 2004.

Course Outcomes (CO): After completion of the course, a student will be able to achieve these outcomes

Course	Description	Cognitive
outcome		
(CO)		
CO1	The basic knowledge about the diversity of marine natural products,	K1,K2,K3
	their properties, chemistry, synthesis and applications	
CO2	Understanding the fact that Marine biomaterials as an alternative to	K2,K3
	mammal sources (e.g., collagens) and benefiting from their biological	
	properties, such as biocompatibility, low antigenicity, biodegradability,	
	among others.	
CO3	Knowledge on Biosynthesis of marine materials and its applications in	K1.K3
	various fields	
CO4	Knowledge and skill in the isolation of bioactive marine materials from	K1,K2,K3,K5
	marine invertebrates; especially from the main phyla of marine	
	invertebrates explored so far, including sponges, cnidarians, molluscs,	
	echinoderms and ascidians,	
CO5	Developing marine bio materials and commercializing novel adhesives	K2,k3.K5,k6

and coatings for the medical and industrial markets	
•	

K1 – Remember, K2 – Understand, K3 – Application, K4 – Analysis, K5 – Evaluate, K6 – Create

MAPPING WITH PO

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PO13	PO14	PO15
cO1	Н	M	Н	M	M	Н	M	Н	M	M	M	M	M	M	M
cO2	Н	Н	Н	M	Н	M	M	Н	Н	L	M	L	L	M	M
co3	Н	Н	M	M	Н	M	M	M	M	M	L	M	M	M	M
cO4	Н	M	Н	M	Н	L	M	M	M	M	L	L	L	L	M
cO5	Н	M	Н	M	Н	Н	M	M	M	M	L	M	M	L	M

PRCTICAL COVERING CORE PAPER 7 AND 8

Semester		III Semester					
Course Type		Practical VI					
Title of the Co	urse	IMMUNOLOGY AND MARINE BIOMATERIALS					
Course Code							
Teaching Hou	rs						
IMM		UNOLOGY AND MARINE	Credits: 4	Max. Marks:			
	BIOM	IATERIALS					

biology, nano	should have a basic understanding of Mic otechnology.lab works in immunology a ssing and production of Marine biomaterials	nd also		rstanding	
CODE:	IMMUNOLOGY AND MARINE BIOMATERIALS	L	T -	P -	C
Course Objectives	 To provide students with a foundationable to distinguish and characterize ant Knowledge on ELISA assays with vis quantitative. 	ibody isot sual reado	ypes, outs mak	xes stude	
Course Outcomes	After completing this course, student is expect CO1: The students will be able to describe the maintaining health and contributing to disease. CO2: Identify blood groups and types, diagnostic tests CO3: Understanding, in the production of Silv CO4: Knowledge on the isolation and biomaterials and its applications as antimicanticoagulants, etc	roles of the competer	he immontly perticles on of	une syste rform so Marine	erologica
	 LIST OF PRACTICALS Identification of lymphoid organs and of the control of the contro	ens. .tion – OD ination –	blood g		/ active

8. Immune gene expression
9. Lysozyme activity by Intra agar assay
10. Biosynthesis of silver nanoparticles from marine sediment-derived bacteria.
11. Characterization of silver nanoparticles by UV-Vis spectroscopyIsolation of collagen from marine sponges
12. Isolation of chitin from marine invertebrates
13. Bioadhesives: Isolation and purification of adhesive proteins from mussels
14. Adhesion properties of Mussel glue on glass surface adhesion.
15. Isolation of nanocrystalline cellulose from tunicates
16. Microscopic studies of the calcitic spines in sea urchin

ELECTIVE PAPER

Elective Paper – 2a Marine Natural Products

Semester	II Semester
Course Type	Elective Paper – 2a
Title of the Course	MARINE NATURAL PRODUCTS
Course Code	

Teaching Ho	ours 45 Hours/ Semester : 4 Hours/	week				
	MARINE NATURAL PRODUCTS	Cred	its: 3		x. Mark nal: 25, 1 75)	s: 100 External
Course Prere The student sh	-	biology	and che	nistry		
CODE:	MARINE NATURALPRODUCT	S	L	Т	P	C
			3	-	-	3
Course Objectives	A broad knowledge of several classes known as Natural Products) produced by well as their potential applications in prindustries. An opportunity to learn the methods of elucidation as well as some bioassays to marine natural products	by marin harmace f extract	e macro utical, co	- and mi osmeceu fication	croorgan tical and and strue	isms as food
Module 1	Introduction				9 h	ours
Survey, resou compounds	arce assessment, sampling and identific	ation of	f organi	sms co	ntaining	bioactive
Module 2	ISOLAATION OF BIOACTIVE CO	MPOU.	NDS		9 h	ours
hydrocolloids,	ducts isolated from marine organisms agarose, agar, alginates, carrageenans, ess, methods purifications, uses and impor	chitin, c				
Module 3	MARINE METABOLITES					ours
	es and lipids, marine flavourants, lecting ds of purification, structural elucidation, us				– their	extraction
Module 4	MARINE BY PRODUCTS	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	1		9ho	ours

Other by-products from marine organisms: Fish meal, Silage products, FPC, fish hydrolysate, fish flakes, fish glue, pearl essence, fish peptones- their production process and importance.

Module 5	PHARMACEUTICALLY IMPORTANT PRODUCTS 9 hours
Pharmaceutically	important products from marine organisms: pharmaceutical surfactants
antimicrobial con	npounds, hormone like materials, nutraceuticals, B-carotene PUFA products
vitamins, immuno	modulators, anticancer and cytotoxic compounds
	1.Gulland, J.A., 1971, Fish Resources of the Ocean, Fishing News (Books) Ltd.
	England, 1971.
	2. Mary Francis Thomson (ED.) Rachakohda, Marine Biodeterioration, Oxford &
	IBM Publishing Co. Pvt., New Delhi.
	3.Jefford, Rinehart, Sheld, 1988, Pharmaceuitcals and the Sea,. Technomic
	Publishing Co., AG Pensylvana, USA.
ReferenceBooks	4. Winton, A.L., Winton, B., 1997, Fish and Fish Products, Allied Scientific
	Publishers, Vyas Nagar, Bilkaner
	5. Fishery by products, CIFT Manual, 2000, CIFT publications, Cochin, India.
	6.Bhakuni, D.S., and Rawat, D.S., (Eds.), 2005, Bioactive Marine Natura
	Products, Springer, Anamya Publications, New Delhi.

Course Outcomes (CO): After completion of the course, a student will be able to achieve these outcomes

Course	Description	Cognitive
outcome		
(CO)		
CO1	The basic knowledge about the diversity of marine natural products,	K1,K2,K3
	their properties, chemistry, synthesis and applications	
CO2	Understanding on the isolation of Marine bioactive compunds	K2,K3
CO3	Knowledge on extraction, purification, structural elucidation of marine	K1.K3

	metabolites	
CO4	Knowledge and skill in the isolation of Fish meal, Silage products, FPC, fish hydrolysate, fish flakes, fish glue, pearl essence, fish peptones- their production process and importance.	K1,K2,K3,K5
CO5	Developing marine bioproducts and their potential applications in pharmaceutical, cosmeceutical and food industries.	K2.K3K5K6

K1 – Remember, K2 – Understand, K3 – Application, K4 – Analysis, K5 – Evaluate, K6 – Create

	PO1	PO2	PPO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PO13	PO14	PO15
CO1	Н	Н	Н	Н	M	Н	Н	Н	M	M	M	L	Н	M	M
CO2	Н	Н	Н	Н	L	Н	Н	Н	M	L	M	L	Н	L	M
CO3	Н	Н	Н	Н	M	Н	M	M	M	M	L	M	M	L	L
CO4	Н	Н	Н	Н	M	Н	M	M	M	M	M	M	M	L	M
CO5	Н	M	Н	Н	M	Н	Н	M	ML	M	M	M	M	L	M

ELECTIVE PAPER 2b: BIOSAFEY, BIOETHICS & IPR

Semester		II Semester					
Course Type		Core Elective Paper –2b					
Title of the Co	urse	BIOSAFEY, BIOETHICS &	IPR				
Course Code							
Teaching Hou	ırs	45 Hours/ Semester : 3 Hours/ week					
	BIOS	AFEY, BIOETHICS & IPR	Credits: 3	Max. Marks: 100 (Internal: 25, External 75)			

Course Prerequi	sites: Students should have a knowledge on bio	logical re	egulatio	ns	
CODE:	DVOG 4 DVV DVODOVVOG A VDD	L	T	P	C
	BIOSAFEY, BIOETHICS & IPR	3	-	-	3
Course Objectives					
Module 1	Introduction to Bio-safety and Regulations			9 ho	ours
Experimental proapplications, degra	ions and definitions, national and internation otocol approvals, levels of containment, adation of pollutants, Bacterial mining-vaccing ied organisms and their release in environme	environi es- Biolo	nental	aspects of	of biotech
Module 2	Bioethics			9 ho	ours
Bioethics: Definit	ion- ethics- norms in India- Licensing of ani	mal hou	se- nor	ns for c	onducting
	The state of the s	Ricethics	for co	smetics	and nanc
studies on human	and animal subjects- Ethical clearance, ELSI. E				
studies on human materials develop	and animal subjects- Ethical clearance, ELSI. Education between ELSI. Education and impact of to city related to animal models				
studies on human materials develop nanoparticles- toxi	oment-environmental safety and impact of to				issues of
studies on human materials developmanoparticles- toximodule 3 Introduction to If Geographical IndiwTO to WIPO –T Inventions and Integistration of Communication of Communication in the studies of the st	oment-environmental safety and impact of to city related to animal models	1 Proper and Devel Property	ty - Paelopmer y, technand pr	9 hotelested tents, Contents, Contents, Contents of the cological actical a	ours opyrights, way from Research, spects of

International Treaties and Conventions on IPRs, TRIPS Agreement, PCT Agreement, Patent Act of India, Patent Amendment Act, Design Act, Trademark Act, Geographical Indication Act. Digital Innovations and Developments as Knowledge Assets – IP Laws, Cyber Law and Digital Content Protection – Unfair Competition – Meaning and Relationship between Unfair Competition and IP Laws – Case Studies. Infringement of IPRs, Enforcement Measures, Emerging issues – Case Studies.

Module 5 Enforcement of IPRs and Patents 9 hours

Infringement of IPRs, Enforcement Measures, Emerging issues – Case Studies. Definition of patents- conditions for patent ability: Novelty testing- composition of patent - patenting of biotechnological discoveries - commercialization- Biotech companies - Natures implications-screening and selection of genetic materials for patenting- Public attitude - Genetic counselling.

- 1. Cartagena Protocol on Biosafety, 2006, Ministry of Environment and Forest, Government of India, New Delhi
- 2. Gopalakrishnan, N.S., and Agitha, T.G., 2014, Principles of Intellectual Property, 2nd Edition, Eastern Book Company, Lucknow.
- 3. Kshitij Kumar Singh, Springer, 2015, Biotechnology and Intellectual Property Mittal, D.P., 1999, Rights: Legal and Social Implications, Indian Patents Law, as amended by Patents (Amendment) Act 1999, Taxman Publication.
- 4. Laboratory Biosafety Manual, 2004, 3rd Edition, World Health Organization, Geneva.

5. Narayanan, P., 2021, Intellectual Property Law, 3rd Edition, Eastern Law Book House Ltd.

- Sasson, A., 1988, Biotechnologies and Development, UNESCO Publications.
- 7. Sasson, A., 1993, Biotechnologies in Developing Countries: Present and Future, UNESCO Publications.
- 8. Singh, K., Intellectual Property Rights on Biotechnology, BCIL, New Delhi.
- 9. Wadera, B.L., 2010, Law relating to Patents Trade Marks Copyright Designs and Geographical Indications, Delhi University Law Publishing.

ReferenceBooks

After the completion of the course, the student will be able to

Course Outcomes	Cognitive Level
CO1: Remember the basic knowledge on biosafety, national and international guidelines and regulations for biosafety. Gain knowledge on organization rDNA guidelines, approval of protocols, Analyze the benefits of degradation of pollutants, bacterial mining, vaccines and biological pesticides. Evaluate the use of environmental aspects of biotech applications, and genetically modified organisms and their release in environment	K1, K2, K3
CO2: Remember the definition of ethics, Gain knowledge on ethical clearance, ELSI (Ethical, Legal and Social Implications, Comprehend the application of ethical principles in India, Analyze the norms of bioethics in India, Acquire knowledge on licensing of animal house and norms for conducting studies on human and animal subjects – regarding ethical clearance	K1, K2, K3
CO3: Understand and remember concepts of IPR, copyrights etc	K1, K2, K3
CO4: Remember the IPRs, Treaties, TRIPS agreement and laws	K1, K2, K3
CO5: Acquire knowledge on obtaining Indian patent and international patents	K1, K2, K3

 $K1-Remember,\ K2-Understand,\ K3-Application,\ K4-Analysis,\ K5-Evaluate,\ K6-Create$

PO1	PO2	PPO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PO13	PO14	PO15

CO1	M	Н	L	L	L	M	L	L	L	L	L	L	M	L	L
CO2	L	M	L	L	L	1	L	L	L	L	M	L	M	L	L
CO3	M	M	L	L	L	Н	M	M	M	L	L	L	M	L	L
CO4	L	L	M	M	M	Н	L	M	L	L	L	L	M	L	L
CO5	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	M	M	M	M	M

CORE PAPER 9 GENETICS

Semester		II Semester					
Course Type		Core Compulsory Paper - 9					
Title of the Cou	ırse	GENETICS					
Course Code							
Teaching Hour	rs	60 Hours/ Semester : 4 Hours/ week					
	GENE	ETICS	Credits: 4	Max. Marks: 100			
				(Internal: 25, External			
				75)			

Course Prerequent The student sho	uisites: uld have a basic knowledge on molecular biolog	y, immu	nology a	and gene	etics
CODE:	G-13-13-07	L	T	P	С
	GENETICS	4	-	-	4
	To understand the principle concept of	Genetics		I	
Course	To extend the knowledge on molecular level	basis of	mutatior	at micr	obial
Objectives	To focus on gene regulation and express	sion mec	hanisms	1	
	To understand the principles role of plas	smids an	d gene t	ransfer n	nethods
Module 1	DAGIC CONCEDES OF CENESICS				
wiodule 1	BASIC CONCEPTS OF GENETICS			12 h	ours
Mendelian principalleles, pseudoalle	eles: Dominance, segregation, independent assortment le, complementation tests. Extensions of Mendelian interactions, pleiotropy, genomic imprinting, peneng over, sex linkage, sex limited and sex influenced classics.	principle trance a	s: Codor nd expre	ne: Allel ninance,	e, multipl
Mendelian principalleles, pseudoalle dominance, gene linkage and crossin	les: Dominance, segregation, independent assortmente, complementation tests. Extensions of Mendelian interactions, pleiotropy, genomic imprinting, pene	principle trance a	s: Codor nd expre	ne: Allel ninance, essivity, p	e, multipl
Mendelian principalleles, pseudoalle dominance, gene linkage and crossin Module 2 Gene Mapping Musing somatic cell genes, maternal in transduction and segenetics: Pedigree	oles: Dominance, segregation, independent assortmentle, complementation tests. Extensions of Mendelian interactions, pleiotropy, genomic imprinting, peneng over, sex linkage, sex limited and sex influenced classical control of the	with moleritance: ansfers — ne structu genetic	s: Codor nd expre . ecular m Inheritan transforate analys disorders	ne: Allel ninance, essivity, p 12 h arkers, n ce of Mit mation, cosis of gen s - Huma	e, multiplincomplet ohenocopy ours napping betochondriated onjugation tes. Human Genome
Mendelian principalleles, pseudoalle dominance, gene linkage and crossin Module 2 Gene Mapping Musing somatic cell genes, maternal in transduction and s genetics: Pedigree Project. Quantitati	oles: Dominance, segregation, independent assortmentle, complementation tests. Extensions of Mendelian interactions, pleiotropy, genomic imprinting, peneing over, sex linkage, sex limited and sex influenced of GENE MAPPING Methods: Linkage maps, tetrad analysis, mapping whybrids, DNA foot printing. Extra chromosomal inheritance. Microbial genetics: Methods of genetic transplanted in the example of the examp	principle trance an naracters. with mole eritance: ansfers — ne structu genetic measure	s: Codor nd expre . ecular m Inheritan transform are analys disorders ments, Q	ne: Allel ninance, essivity, p 12 h arkers, n ce of Mit mation, co sis of gen s - Huma TL mapp	e, multiple incomplet ohenocopy ours napping betochondriated onjugation less. Human in Genoming.
Mendelian principalleles, pseudoalle dominance, gene linkage and crossin Module 2 Gene Mapping Musing somatic cell genes, maternal intransduction and segmetics: Pedigree Project. Quantitati Module 3 Types, causes and function, germinal chromosomes: December 1988	oles: Dominance, segregation, independent assortment le, complementation tests. Extensions of Mendelian interactions, pleiotropy, genomic imprinting, peneng over, sex linkage, sex limited and sex influenced of GENE MAPPING Methods: Linkage maps, tetrad analysis, mapping whybrids, DNA foot printing. Extra chromosomal inheritance. Microbial genetics: Methods of genetic transport of the ex-duction, mapping genes by interrupted mating, first analysis, lod score for linkage testing, karyotypes, we genetics: Polygenic inheritance, heritability and its	with mole eritance: ansfers — ne structu genetic measure: ochemica tructural dy and	s: Codor and expression of exp	ne: Allel ninance, essivity, p 12 h arkers, n ce of Mit mation, co sis of gen s - Huma TL mapp 12 h of function herical alt enetic in	e, multiple incomplet other occupy ours mapping be tochondria onjugation tes. Huma in Genoming. ours ours ours ours ours ours

Molecular Genetics: Structure of gene – genetic code – gene regulation – genome analysis – functional genomics – RNA processing – Transcription: factors and regulation – Translation: control and regulation. Molecular population genetics: Patterns of change in nucleotide and amino acid sequences

Module 5 HUMAN GENETICS

Genes in pedigree – Human genetic diseases. Down's Syndromes, klinefelter's syndrome, turner's syndrome, patau's and Edward's syndrome – Human genome project – Euthernics – Eugenics – euphenics – Genetic Counselling, Significance of twin study – gene therapy and prenatal diagnosis (Amniocentesis)..

- 1. Old R.N and Primrose, S.B., 1994. Principles of Gene Manipulation, Blackwell Scientific Publications.
- 2. Brown, T.A., 1995. Gene Cloning An introduction, chapman & Hall.
- 3. Rehn, H.J and Red, G., 2000. Biotechnology, Wiley VCH, 606.
- 4. Chirikjian, J.G., 1995. Genetic Engineering. Mutagenesis Separation Technology, vol. II, Jones and Bartlett.
- 5. Brooker: Genetics: Analysis and Principles
- 6. Gardner et al: Principles of Genetics
- 7. Griffith et al: Modern Genetic Analysis
- 8. Hartl & Jones: Essential Genetics: A Genomic Perspective
- 9. Lewin, Genes
- 10. Russell: Genetics
- 11. Snustad & Simmons: Principles of Genetics

After the completion of the course, the student will be able to

Course Outcomes	Cognitive Level
CO1: Students will be taught Mendelian genetics, their principles and	K1, K2, K3
gene interaction. • They learn about chromosomal aberrations and	
structure of chromosomes • The student will gain a basic	
understanding on human genetics and hereditary.	
CO2:Understanding of gene mapping, extrachromosomal	K1, K2, K3

ReferenceBooks

inheritance ,human genome project	
CO3: concepts and genetic code, gene expression, gene regulation	K2, K3
and also learn about mutation Comprehensive and detailed	
understanding of genetic methodology and how quantification of	
heritable traits in families and populations provides insight into	
cellular and molecular mechanisms	
CO4: Got an idea of genes at molecular level • They learn about	K2, K3, K4, K5
DNA, RNA and their replication, mutations, DNA repair	
mechanism	
CO5: understanding genetics and relate modern DNA technology	K2, K3, K4, K5
for disease diagnostics and therapy	

Mapping with PO

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PO13	PO14	PO15
CO1	Н	Н	Н	Н	Н	Н	L	Н	Н	Н	L	L	Н	L	L
CO ₂	Н	Н	Н	Н	L	Н	L	Н	M	M	L	L	Н	L	L
CO3	Н	M	Н	Н	L	Н	M	M	M	L	L	L	Н	L	L
CO4	Н	L	Н	Н	Н	Н	M	M	Н	L	M	M	M	L	M
CO5	Н	L	Н	Н	M	Н	Н	M	M	M	M	M	Н	L	M

CORE PAPER 10 AQUACULTURE BIOTECHNOLOGY

Semester	III Semester
Course Type	Core Compulsory Paper - 10
Title of the Course	AQUACULTURE BIOTECHNOLOGY

Course Code									
Teaching Hour	s 60 Hours/ Semester : 4 H	Hours/ week							
	AQUACULTURE BIOTECHNOLOGY	Cred	its: 4	Max. Marks: 100 (Internal: 25, Extern 75)					
Course Prereque The student show	isites: Ild have a basic knowledge on aqu	ıaculture							
CODE:	A OLIA CILI TUDE DIOTECI	INOLOGY	L	T	P	С			
	AQUACULTURE BIOTECHNOLOGY 4				-	4			
Course Objectives	 To get an idea about the pond construction and management for aquaculture, different types of aquaculture system To get an idea for finfish and shell fish culture To acquire knowledge on moulting, hypophysation and spawning To get an idea about the live feed culture 								
Module 1	Introduction				12 h	ours			
water and marine selection – Soil a	ortance of aquaculture; basic quate fishes; Global and Indian scenarid water types – types of ponds. trol of predatory insects; Fish er	ario of aquacu Preparation an	ılture, Co d manag	onstructi ement.	on of po	onds: Site plants and			
Module 2	Types of Aquaculture				12 h	ours			
	intensive, intensive, super intensirming; animal husbandry cum ach, prawns.					•			
Module 3	Finfish and Shellfish Culture				12 h	ours			
seaweed culture,	Culture of Indian major carps, sewage fed fish culture, shell crabs, edible and pearl oysters.	-							
prawns, roosters,	craos, curbic and pear bysicis.								

Growth stimulating hormone (GSH) from y-organ growth increase in crustaceans by moulting – Moulting inhibiting hormone (MIH) secreted X- organ – Sinus gland complex – Vitellogensis and reproduction: enhanced by Gonad stimulating hormone (GSH) controlled by thoracic ganglion, gonad / Vitellogenesis inhibiting hormone from X-organ – Eyestalk ablation for moulting and induced maturation in crustaceans – Hypophysation: Pituitary extracts injection – induced maturation and spawning in teleost – Hatchery, nursery and broodstock management.

Module 5 Live Feed Culture

Culture of microalgae – Laboratory culture, maintenance of pure culture, mass culture, Artemia culture – Collection of cysts, decapsulation and hatching of cysts, significance of naupliar size in feeding larvae of cultivable species.

| | ReferenceBooks

- 1. Aquaculture Principles and Practices, 1990 TVR Pillay, Fishing Nets Boooks.
- 2. Aquaculture Biotechnology, First edition, 2012, Eds. Garth L. Fletcher and Mathew L Rise, Wiley-Blackwell publication
- 3. Aquaculture Biotechnology, V. Ramachandran, 2013, Black Prints
- 4. Marine Biology An ecological approach, 1988 James W. Nybken, Harper Collins publication.
- 5. The Marine and freshwater fishes of Ceylon, 1982 lan, S.R. Munro, Soni Reprints Agency.
- 6. Fish and fisheries of India, 1991 V.J. Jhingran, Hindustan Publishing Corporation.

After the completion of the course, the student will be able to

Course Outcomes	Cognitive Level
CO1: Understand how to construct the aquaculture pond and its	K1, K2, K3
maintenance and the aquaculture fishes both fresh water and	
marine	
CO2: Acquire knowledge on the different kinds of culture for fin	K1, K2, K3
and shell fishes	
CO3: Get an idea about the fin fish and shell fish culture with	K2, K3
examples	
CO4: Got an idea and skill on the role of hormones in eyestalk	K2, K3, K4, K5
ablation, hypophysation and molting	

CO5: Got an idea and skill on the laboratory culture, maintenance	K2, K3, K4, K5
and collection of live feed culture	

K1 – Remember, K2 – Understand, K3 – Application, K4 – Analysis, K5 – Evaluate, K6 – Create

MAPPING WITH PO

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PO13	PO14	PO15
CO1	Н	M	Н	Н	Н	Н	M	L	Н	M	M	M	M	L	Н
CO2	Н	M	Н	Н	Н	Н	L	L	M	L	M	M	L	L	Н
CO3	Н	M	Н	Н	Н	Н	M	M	M	M	Н	M	L	L	Н
CO4	Н	M	Н	Н	Н	Н	M	M	Н	M	Н	M	M	L	M
CO5	Н	M	Н	Н	M	Н	Н	M	Н	M	M	M	M	L	M

PRACTICAL COVERING CORE PAPER 9 AND 10

Semester		II Semester					
Course Type		Practical V					
Title of the Cou	ırse	GENETICS AND AQUACUL	TURE 1	BIOTEC	HNOL	OGY	
Course Code							
Teaching Hou	rs						
	GENE	ETICS AND	Cred	its: 4	Max. Marks: 100		
	AQU	ACULTURE					
	BIOT	ECHNOLOGY					
Course Prerequ	uisites:						
Basic understand genetics	ding on	principles and concepts of genet	ics, knov	wledge oi	n marine	e aquacu	lture and
CODE:	G	ENETICS AND AQUACULTU	JRE	L	T	P	C
		BIOTECHNOLOGY			-	•	

Course Objectives	 Students gain knowledge about the fundamentals of population genetics They learn how phenotypes are observed based on the genotypes of the organisms Blood grouping knowledge necessary for professional or academic work in the field of aquaculture and fisheries like biology, physiology, health, reproduction, nutrition, behavior, and genetics
Course Outcomes	After completing this course, student is expected to learn the following: CO1: Students are able to understand the basic principles of inheritance biology. CO2: Demonstrate the basic technical skills necessary for work in aquaculture and fisheries like system design, scientific method, data collection and analysis). CO3: understanding on the culture and identification of microalgae and fish.
	 Analysis of simple Mendelian inheritance in a small population. Breeding experiments to be demonstrated with the help of colour beads – Monohybrid cross (using chi-square test). Breeding experiments to be demonstrated with the help of colour beads – Dihybrid cross (using chi-square test). Estimation of gene and genotype frequencies in the light of Hardy-Weinberg law based on facial traits. Estimation of gene and genotype frequencies in the light of Hardy – Weinberg law based on ABO blood groups. Random genetic drift – using colour beads. Analysis of dermatoglyphic patterns. Charts, models and flash cards pertaining to theory syllabus a) DNA replication b)Karyotyping c)Operon concept c)Transposable elements. D)Syndrome e)Inborn errors of metabolism. F) Sexlinked inheritance Eyestalk ablation technique in crustanceans. Moulting stages in crustaceans. Culture of microalgae. Collection and identification of shrimp / fish seed from estuary.

5. Live feed – Artemia culture.
6. Cryopreservation of crustacean naulii and eggs.

CORE PAPER 11 ENVIRONMENTAL BIOTECHNOLOGY

Semester		III Semester						
Course Type		Core Paper						
Title of the Co	urse	ENVIRONMENTAL BIOTECHNOLOGY						
Course Code								
Teaching Hou	rs	60 Hours/ Semester : 4 Hours	/ week					
	ENVI	RONMENTAL	Cred	its: 4	Ma	x. Mark	s: 100	
	BIOT	ECHNOLOGY			(Intern	nal: 25, l	External	
						75)		
Course Prereq	uisites:			<u> </u>				
The student sho	uld hav	e a basic knowledge on environn	nent and	its impac	t on ma	rine orga	nisms	
CODE:	Tenix?	TDONIMENTAL DIOTECTING	N OCV	L	T	P	C	
	ENV	TRONMENTAL BIOTECHNO	JLUGI	4	-	-	4	
	da	• This course will discuss principles and applications of classical and modern day systematic to classification of living organisms, develop understanding of historical and contemporary patterns of distributions of organisms,						
Course	• tl	he basic understanding of eco	system	and its	structur	al and	functional	
Objectives	as	spects. It will explore the interconomponents of environment and rocesses in maintaining equil	nnectedned the	ess amon ynamic 1	g all the	biotic a	nd abiotic ecological	

Module 1	THE ENVIRONMENT	12 hours
Concept of habita partitioning; chara	ment; biotic environment; biotic and abiotic interactions. It and niche; niche width and overlap; fundamental and realicter displacement. Population Ecology: Characteristics of a population regulation; life history strategies (r and K selection)	zed niche; resource pulation; population
metapopulation –	demes and dispersal, interdemic extinctions, age structured per of interactions, interspecific competition, herbivory, car	opulations. Species
Module 2	COMMUNITY ECOLOGY	12 hours
measurement; edg succession; conce	unities; community structure and attributes; levels of species and ecotones. Ecological Succession: Types; mechanisms; opt of climax. Ecology of Ecosystem: Ecosystem structure; openineral cycling (C,N,P); primary production and decomposition	changes involved in ecosystem function;
Module 3	ENVIRONMENTAL POLLUTION	12 hours
monitoring and dapproaches. Consecution and	dlution and Bioremediation; global environmental change; ocumentation; major drivers of biodiversity change; biodivervation Biology: Principles of conservation, major approach management of endangered species in marine ecosystem usi conservation, cryopreservation – wild life conservation and m	versity management nes to management. ng biotechnological
Module 4	WATER POLLUTION AND ITS CONTROL	12 hours
sources of water p biological trea Activate sludge, o	natural resource, needs for water management, measurement pollution, waste water collection, waste water treatment — phystement processes. Microbiology of waste water treatment xidation ditches, trickling filters, towers, rotating discs, rotation processes: Anaerobic digestion, anaerobic filters, upflow anaerobic digestion, anaerobic filters, upflow anaerobic digestion.	vsical, chemical and s, aerobic process: ng drums, oxidation
reactors.		
reactors. Module 5	MICROBIAL DEGRADATION	12 hours

Microbiology of	Degradation : Xenobiotics in environment – Ecological consideration, decay							
behaviour and d	egradative plasmids; hydrocarbons, substituted hydrocarbons, oil pollution,							
surfactants, pestici	des – Bioremediation – factors affecting bioremediation							
	1. Asthana D.K. & Meera Asthana, 1998, Environment: Problems and							
	Solutions, S. Chand & Co., New Delhi.							
	2. Davis, B.D., Dulbecco, R., Eisen, H.N and Ginsberg. H.S., 1992,							
	Microbiology, Harper and Row Publishers, Singapore.							
	3. Maier, R.M. Pepper, I.L and Gerba, C.P., 2000, Environmental							
	Microbiology, Academic Press.							
	4. Eugene Odum, Murray Barrick, Gary W. Barrett, 2005, Fundamentals							
	Ecology, Brooks / cole							
ReferenceBooks	5. Geroge Tchobanoglous, Franklin L. Burton (ed.) & H. David Stensel,							
	2002, Comprehensive Biotechnology, M.Moo-Young (Ed-inchief),							
	Pergamon Press, Oxford.							
	6. Hans-Joachim Jordening Josef Winter, 2005, Environmental							
	Biotechnology: Concepts and Applications, Wiley-VCH Verlag GmbH &							
	Co.KGaA							
	7. Pradipta Kumar and Mohapatra, 2007, Textbook of Environmental							
	Biotechnology, 1 st Edition, I.K. International Publishing House.							
	Sharma, P.D., 2005, Ecology and Environment, Rastogi Publications							

Course Outcomes (CO): After completion of the course, a student will be able to achieve these outcomes

Course	Description	Cognitive
outcome		
(CO)		
CO1	The basic knowledge about the natural ecosystem and role of	K1,K2
	microorganisms in the eco system, To understand and recall the basic	
	concepts of ecology, environment and bioremediation	
CO2	To explain the structure of various components of the environment, To	K1 K2
	understand about Ecology of Ecosystem, Knowledge on Indian	
	ecosystem conservation and management	

CO3	To understand about pollution and Bioremediation and impact of pollution. To describe and interpret the importance of biodiversity and its conservation in protecting nature treasures for future generation	K1.K3
CO4	Knowledge about different types of microorganism in water causes of water pollution, and methods to analyze the quality of water and treatment for purification of drinking water, hygienic practices to control the water borne diseases. An understanding the role and application of microorganisms to degrade the environmental contaminants. and microbes involved in solid and liquid waste management	
CO5	Compile the various biological treatment methods and describe the biodegradation of organic wastes in the waste water, petroleum hydrocarbon and xenobiotics	K2.K5K4K5

K1 – Remember, K2 – Understand, K3 – Application, K4 – Analysis, K5 – Evaluate, K6 – Create

MAPPING WITH PO

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PO13	PO14	PO15
cO1	Н	M	M	M	M	Н	L	M	Н	M	M	M	M	L	M
cO2	Н	Н	M	M	M	M	Н	Н	Н	L	M	L	Н	L	M
co3	Н	Н	Н	Н	M	Н	Н	Н	Н	M	L	L	M	M	M
cO4	Н	M	Н	Н	Н	Н	M	Н	Н	M	L	L	M	L	M
cO5	Н	M	M	Н	Н	Н	M	Н	M	M	L	M	M	L	M

MAPPING WITH PSO

COs	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5	PSO6
CO1	Н	M	L	L	M	M

CO2	Н	L	L	L	L	L
CO3	Н	L	Н	L	M	L
CO4	Н	M	M	L	M	L
CO5	Н	L	L	L	L	L

CORE PAPER 12: BIOPROCESS TECHNOLOGY

Semester	III Semester
Course Type	CORE PAPER
Title of the Course	BIOPROCESS TECHNOLOGY
Course Code	NMYC34
Teaching Hours	60 Hours/ Semester : 4 Hours/ week

NMYC34	BIOPROCESS TECHNOLOGY	Credits: 4	Max. Marks: 100
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Course Prerequisites:

The student should acquire knowledge Understanding, knowledge and skill on applications of microorganisms in solving environmental problems.

CODE:	BIOPROCESS TECHNOLOGY	L	T	P	C
NMYC34	BIOTROCESS TECHNOLOGY	4	-	-	4
Course Objectives	 To understand the basic concepts of ferme and its optimized conditions, types of functions To know about microbes responsible for isolation, preservation and maintenance. To 	f bioreac or produc	ctors an	nd their f metabo	parts & olites, its

Unit I	industrially important food products. GENERAL ACCOUNT ON FERMENTATION	12 hours
	 Enable to understand the methods of downstream process Immobilization techniques involved in preservation of me To understand the elementary idea on production ar 	sing of metabolites.
	required including different nutrients necessary for their g	rowth

Types of fermentation – surface, submerged solid state, adhesive, batch, continuous and fed batch – principle of chemostat and thermostat, Bioreactors – types, parts and their functions – optimization conditions, aeration, agitation, foam control process control equipment's.

Unit II ISOLATION, PRESERVATION & MAINTANANCE OF INDUSTRIALLY IMPORTANT MICROBES 12 hours

Isolation, preservation and maintenance of industrial important microorganisms-Microbial growth kinetics and microbial death kinetics- media for industrial fermentation: Source of nutrients, types of media: synthetic and crude media for industrial fermentation: Source of nutrients, types of media; synthetic and crude media; Advantage and disadvantages.

Unit III DOWNSTREAM PROCESSING 12 hours

Introduction, removal of microbial cells and solid matter, foam separation, precipitation, filtration, centrifugation, cell disruption, liquid extraction, chromatography, membrane process. Drying and crystallization, effluent treatment -BOD, COD and disposal of effluents.

Unit IV IMMOBILIZATION TECQNIQUE 12 hours

Whole cell immobilization and their industrial applications, production of chemicals: alcohol (ethanol); acids (citric, acetic and gluconic acids), solvents (glycerol, acetone and butanol), antibiotics (penicillin, streptomycin and tetracycline); amino acids (lysine and glutamic acid); Single Cell Protein.

Unit V	INTRODUCTION TO FOOD TECHNOLOGY	12 hours
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Elementary idea of canning and packing - sterilization and pasteurization of food products -							
technology of typ	pical food and food products (bread, cheese & idli) - basic food preservation						
techniques.							
ReferenceBooks	 37. Biochemical Engineering Alba, S., Humphrey, A.E and Millis N.F. Univ. of Tokyo press, Tokyo.1985 38. Introduction to Biochemical engineering, D.G Rao (2nd edn.) Tata McGraw Hill education ltd., New Delhi, 2010. 39. Biochemical Engineering Fundamentals, baily, J.E. and Ollis, DiF., McGraw Hill book Co., New York, 2008 40. Bioprocess Technology, Fundamentals and Applications, P. Svenska, KTH, Royal Institute of Technology, Stockholm, 2000. 41. Bioprocess Technology, Anton Moser, Springer-Verlag, Austria, 1988 42. Advances in Bioprocess Technology, Pogaku Ravindra, Springer-Verlag, 2015. 43. Advances in Bioprocess Technology, P.Kartan, Delve Pub. 2017 44. Essentials in Fermentation Technology, A. Berenjian, Springer, 2019. 						
Web Source:	1 Principles and applications of Fermentation Technology https://www.wiley.com 2. Design and Preparation of media for fermentation https://www.mlsu.ac.in econtents > 2201_design 3. Fermentation Products http://www.eolss.net						

Course Outcomes (COs):

Course Outcome	After the Co	After the Completion of the Course, the student will beable to –						
CO1	Understand	about	the	basic	concepts	of	fermentation	K1, K2

	technology and its types, bioreactors and their types and conditions responsible for fermentation.	
CO2	Know about how to isolate industrially important microbes, their preservation, nutrition and media and their types required for the growth of microbes.	K2, K3
СОЗ	Find out the suitable downstream processing technique to process the metabolites obtained after fermentation for industrial usage.	K3, K4
CO4	Determine the industrial and pharmaceutical applications of produced products	K5, K6
CO5	Make elementary idea on preservation of produced products in large scale level	K4, K5, K6

K1- Remember; K2- Understand; K3- Apply; K4- Analyze; K5- Evaluate; K6- Create.

MAPPING WITH PO

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PO13	PO14	PO15
cO1	Н	Н	Н	M	M	Н	M	Н	M	M	M	M	M	M	M
cO2	Н	Н	Н	L	Н	M	M	Н	Н	L	M	L	L	M	M
co3	Н	Н	M	L	Н	M	M	M	M	M	L	M	M	M	M
cO4	Н	Н	Н	M	Н	L	M	M	M	M	L	L	L	L	M
cO5	Н	Н	Н	M	Н	Н	M	M	M	M	L	M	M	L	M

PRACTICAL COVERING CORE PAPER 11 AND 12

ENVIRONMENTAL BIOTECHNOLOGY AND BIO PROCESS TECHNOLOGY

Semester	III Semester					
Course Type	Practical VI					
Title of the Course	ENVIRONMENTAL BIOTECHNOLOGY AND BIO PROCESS					
	TECHNOLOGY					
Course Code						
Teaching Hours						
ENV	IRONMENTAL	Credits: 4	Max. Marks:			

	BIOTECHNOLOGY AND BIO PROCESS TECHNOLOGY								
Course Prere	equisites: hould have basic Understanding, knowledge ar	nd skill on	applicati	ons of te	chniques				
CODE:	ENVIRONMENTAL BIOTECHNOLO	nmental problems, should have an idea about fermentation technology. ENVIRONMENTAL BIOTECHNOLOGY L T P							
CODE	AND BIO PROCESS TECHNOLOGY		-	-					
Course Objectives	 Use of microorganisms to transfer fermented foods has been an essen pharmaceutical industries. Development programme in the arenvironmental improvement, development programme in the arenvironmental improvement. 	tial part o	of many for	oods, che	mical and				
Course Outcomes	After completing this course, student is exp CO1: Understand about the basic concep types, bioreactors and their types and condi CO2: Find out the suitable downstream metabolites obtained after fermentation industrial and pharmaceutical applications CO3: Understanding, knowledge ,skill parameters of environmental samples.	ts of ferm tions response processing for industry of produce	nentation onsible for ng techni strial usaş ed product	technolog r ferment que topi ge. Deter	ation. cocess the				
	 LIST OF PRACTICALS Estimation of DO, salinity, nitrites, water samples Analysis of industrial effluents – TI Estimation of fish population (any t Microbial assessment of air quality Potability test of water Isolation of for microbial processes. 	DS, TSS, I wo species	BOD, COI s))					

- 5. Determination of thermal death point (TDP) and thermal death time (TDP) of microogainsms for design of a sterilizer.
 6. Comparative studies of ethanol production using different substrates.
 7. Microbial production of citric acid using different substrates.
- 8. Microbial production of antibiotics (Penicillin)
- 9. Production and estimation of alkaline protease.
- 10. Use of alginate for cell immobilization

ELECTIVE PAPER/Ppr-3a: EXTREMOPHILES

Semester	III Semester
Course Type	ELECTIVE PAPER
Title of the Course	EXTREMOPHILES
Course Code	
Teaching Hours	45 Hours/ Semester : 3 Hours/ week

Course Prerequisites:

The student should possess basic knowledge on basic microbiology and its domains. They may have the genomic structure and their organization, their various environments and the important life threatening factors, their uses.

CODE:	CELL AND MOLECULAR BLOLOGY	L	T	P	C
•••••	CELL AND MOLECULAR BIOLOGY	3	•	-	3

	> To give solid foundation about the microbes which require extreme						
	environmental conditions for their optimum and successful life.						
	To give knowledge on their genome and their application in various field.						
Course	> To impart skill on these biotechnologically important organisms which do						
Objectives	much for human welfare.						
	To make aware of the existence of useful eukaryotic extremophiles such as						
	Artemia, which has multiple applications.						
Madala I	GENERAL INTRODUCTION - ECOLOGICAL						
Module I	CLASSIFICATION AND ADAPTATIONS. 9 hours						

Introduction to Extremophiles; General classification of Extremophiles – Acidophiles, Alkaliphiles, Barophiles, Psychrophiles, Endoliths, Halophiles, Thermophiles, Oligotrophs, Toxitolerants, Xerotolerants - Extremophiles and their environments - adaptations of Extremophiles.

Module II MOLECULAR CLASSIFICATION – PHYLOGENY AND GEOME STUDY 9 hours

16s rRNA classification of Extremophiles; phylogeny of Extremophiles; genomes of Extremophiles; comparative genome organization of Extremophiles and mesophiles.

Module III POTENTIALS OF EXTREMOPHILES 9 hours

Potentials of Extremophiles – Extremophiles in food industry; in bioprocess technology; in biotechnology - potentials of Halo bacteria.

N.C. 1 1. TS7	EXTREMOZYMES AND LIGHT HARVESTING	0 h
Module IV	PIGMENTS	9 hours

Extremozymes and their applications – Enzymes from acidophiles, psychrophiles, halophiles, acidothermophiles, piezophiles, xerophiles, alkaliphiles, thermophiles. Cloning of Extremozymes – Taq DNA polymerase; extracellular alpha amylase; cytidine deaminase. Light harvesting pigments – Bacteriochlorophylls, Bacteriorhodopsin, Proteorhodopsin, Halorhodopsin.

Module V	EUKARYOTIC EXTREMOPHILES AND THEIR APPLICATIONS	9 hours						
A eukaryotic Extre	emophile – Artemia; systematic classification of Artemia franc	ciscana; its biology.						
Potentials of Arten	nia - role of Artemia in salt purification; Artemia as live feed	in fin fish and shell						
fish larviculture; li	ve feed <i>Artemia</i> in Zebra fish culture.							
,								
	1 Edwards C 1000 (Ed) Migrabiology of Extrema Env	ironmanta MaGrayy						
	 Edwards, C. 1990. (Ed) Microbiology of Extreme Env. Hill, NewYork. 	ironnients. McGraw						
	2. Aharon Oren. 1998. Microbiology and Biogeochemist	ry of Hypersaline						
	Environments, CRC Press, Boca Raton London, New Y							
	D.C.	rom, washington,						
	3. Best, J., Adatto, I., Cockington, J., James, A and Lav	wrence, C. 2010. A						
		novel method for rearing First-Feeding larval Zebrafish: Polyculture with						
	type L saltwater rotifers (Brachionus plicatilis) zebra fi	ish.						
	4. Brock, T.D., Brock, K.M., Belly, R.T and Weiss, R.L.	1992. Sulfolobus, a						
ReferenceBooks	new gene of sulfur oxidizing bacteria living at low pH and hig							
Referencebooks	temperature Arch. Microbiol. 84: 54-58.							
	5. Carvalho, A.P., Araujo, L and Santos, M.M. 2006.	_						
	(Danio rerio) larvae without live food: evaluation of							
	practical and a purified starter diet on larval performance. Research.	nance. Aquaculture						
	6. Lim, L.C., Soh, A., Dhert, P and Sorgeloos, P. 20	01 Production and						
	application of on-grown Artemia in freshwater orn							
	Aqua. Econ. Manag. 5 (3/4), 211-228	amenai iisii iaiii.						
	7. Lim, L. C., Cho, Y. L., dhert, P., Wong, C. C., Nelis,	N and Sorgeloos. P.						
	2002a. Use of decapsulated Artemia cysts in ornar	_						
	Aquac. Res. 33: 575-589.							

Course Outcomes (COs):

Course Outcome	After the Completion of the Course, the student will be able to –	CognitiveLevel
CO1	Acquire knowledge on the existence of microbes at various extreme environments and how do they survive with their adaptations at molecular level.	K1, K2.
CO2	Know about 16s rRNA based classification of extremophiles, their genome and the phylogenetic relationship between extremophiles and mesophiles.	K1, K2
СОЗ	Know and develop skill on the use of extremophiles in food industry, biotechnology and the multitude applications of halo bacteria.	K3, K4.
CO4	Acquire knowledge on the many uses of extremozymes. Get research mind and skill in using extremozymes in biotechnological studies for human welfare. Understand about the different light harvesting pigments and their	K2, K3, K6

applications.	
CO5 Know about the eukaryotic extremophil its applications in salt purification a industries as live feed. Get skill in <i>Artemia</i> as live feed.	and in aquaculture K1 K2 K3 K6

K1- Remember; K2- Understand; K3- Apply; K4- Analyze; K5- Evaluate; K6- Create.

MAPPING WITH PO

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PO13	PO14	PO15
cO1	Н	M	M	M	L	L	L	M	M	M	L	L	Н	L	L
cO2	Н	M	L	M	M	M	L	L	L	L	M	L	M	L	M
co3	Н	L	L	L	M	L	M	M	L	L	L	L	L	M	L
cO4	Н	M	L	L	M	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	M
cO5	Н	Н	M	M	Н	Н	M	M	M	M	L	M	L	L	M

ELECTIVE PAPER 3b: RESEARCH METHODOLOGY

Semester III Semester											
Course Type Core Elective Paper – 3 b											
Title of the Co	urse	RESEARCH METHODOLOGY									
Course Code											
Teaching Hours 45 Hours/ Semester: 3 Hours/ week											
	RESE	ARCH METHODOLOGY	Cred	its: 3	Max. Marks: 100 (Internal: 25, External 75)						
Course Prerequisites: The student should have a basic knowledge on research and instrumentation											
CODE:		RESEARCH METHODOLO	GY	L	T	P	С				

		3	-	-	3
Course Objectives	 To get an idea about the research and ho To get an knowledge about the vari microscopes, spectroscopy, etc in life so 	ious inst			
Module 1	Introduction to Research			9 ho	ours

What is research? – literature Collection – literature citation – research report-manuscript preparation – formatting and typing – experimental designs – laboratory safety – Intellectual property rights. Concept and importance in research – Features of a good research design – Exploratory research design – concept, types and uses, Descriptive research designs – concept, types and uses. Experimental design: Concept of independent and dependent variables. Qualitative and quantitative research: Qualitative research – Quantitative research – Concept of measurement, merging the two approaches.

Module 2 Paper Writing 9 hours

Layout of a research paper, Journals in life science, Impact factor of journals, When and where to publish?, Ethical issues related to publishing, Plagiarism and self-plagiarism. Use of tools/techniques for research: Methods to search required information effectively. Reference management software like Zotero/Mendeley, Software for paper formatting like LaTeX/MS Office, Software for detection of plagiarism.

Module 3 Spectroscopy Techniques 9 hours

Beer-Lamberts law, UV-Visible, Raman and IR Spectroscopy, theory and application of Circular Dichroism. Flourimetry and its types. Fluorescence, NMR, PMR, ESR and Plasma Emission spectroscopy. Mass spectrometry-matrix assisted laser desorption ionization and surface enhanced laser desorption ionization.

Module 4 Centrifugation and Electrophoresis 9 hours

Basic principles- RCF, sedimentation coefficient, types of centrifuges, preparative & analytical centrifugation. Chromatography Techniques: Principle and applications of Paper, Thin layer, LPCC, HPLC, Affinity, Gel permeation and Ion exchange chromatography.

Electrophoretic techniques: Principle and applications of poly acrylamide gel electrophoresis, capillary electrophoresis, isoelectric focusing, 2D electrophoresis, disc gel electrophoresis, gradient electrophoresis, pulsed field gel electrophoresis and agarose gel electrophoresis. Radiation

biophysics: Basic concept and measurement of radioactivity. Radioisotope techniques - GM Counter, Liquid scintillation and Solid scintillation counter. 9 hours Module 5 **Microscopy and Imaging Techniques** Principle of light transmission, types of light microscopes –bright field – dark field – phase contrast – fluorescence – polarization – confocal – scanning micrometry. Electron microscopes and types scanning probe microscopes – scanning tunneling – atomic force and magnetic force microscope photomicrography. Physical biomedical method of imaging techniques, Intact biological structures X ray, CAT, SCAN, ECG, EEG. Autoradiography, X ray crystallography, Photography, ultrasound, MRI, Angiography. 1. Uve Flick, 2015, Introducing Research Methodology – A Beginners Guide to do Research Project, 2nd Edition, SAGE Publishing. 2. Quality Inquiry and Research Design: Choosing among five approaches John W. Creswell, Cheryl N. Poth, 4th Edition, SAGE Publications Inc. 2017. 3. Research Methodology – Methods and Techniques, C.R. Kothari and Gaurav Garg, New Age International Publishers, 2019. 4. Biostatistics – P.N. Arora, P.K. Malhan, Himalayan Publishing House, 2010. ReferenceBooks 5. Statistical Methods – S.P. Gupta, S. Chand & Sons, New Delhi, 2017. 6. Biostatistical Analysis – Jerrold H. Zar, 5th Edition, Northern Illionois University, Pearson, 2010. 7. Voet, D., and Voet, J.G., 1995, Biochemistry, 2nd Edition, John Wiely & Sons. 8. John Webster, 2004, Bioinstrumentation, John Wiely & Sons. 9. Veerakumari, 2006, Bioinstrumentation, 1st Edition, MJP Publishers. 10. Zubay, G.L., 1993, Biochemistry, 4th Edition, Wm C. Brown Publishers. 11. Wilson, K., & Walker, J., 1995, Practical Biochemistry, 5th Edition,

Course Outcomes (COs):

Course	After the Completion of the Course, the student will be	CognitiveLevel
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Cambridge University Press.

Outcome	able to –	
CO1	Acquire knowledge on the research and its types	K1, K2.
CO2	Get a knowledge on how to write a research article, plagiarism checking etc.	K1, K2, K3
CO3	Acquire the knowledge on principle, working and applications of various spectroscopy	K2, K3, K4, K5
CO4	Acquire the knowledge on principle, working and applications of various centrifuges and electrophoresis	K2, K3, K4, K5
CO5	Acquire the knowledge on principle, working and applications of various microscopes and imaging techniques	

K1- Remember; K2- Understand; K3- Apply; K4- Analyze; K5- Evaluate; K6- Create.

	PO1	PO2	PPO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PO13	PO14	PO15
CO1	M	Н	L	L	L	M	L	L	L	L	L	L	M	L	L
CO2	L	M	L	L	L	Н	L	L	L	L	M	L	M	L	L
CO3	M	M	L	L	L	Н	M	M	M	L	L	L	M	L	L
CO4	L	L	M	M	M	Н	L	M	L	L	L	L	M	L	L
CO5	L	L	L	L	L	Н	L	L	L	L	M	M	M	M	M

SEMESTER IV

COURSE: DISSERTATION

Dissertation would be carried out by the students during 4th semester of their studies. It would be conducted simultaneously with the concurrent field work. The dissertation would be based on primary data, however, dissertation based on secondary data could also be undertaken by the student with due consultation of the field work supervisor. The dissertation work would enable the student to develop a clear understanding of the research and different steps associated with it. The topic for dissertation would be chosen based on a student's own area of interest in consultation with the field work/research supervisor. The student would work with a field work supervisor who would also provide guidance and support throughout the course of the research

Course outcomes

- To develop ability to initiate and conduct research
- To develop research Skills of identifying and selecting a research area and preparing research proposal
- . To develop skills of doing literature review and steps of research methodology
- To be familiarized with the process of data analysis and report writing,
- . To understand ethical considerations of research

7.TEACHING LEARNING PROCESS

The teaching learning process in the learning outcomes based curriculum framework in the subject of Marine Biotechnology is designed to develop the cognitive skills of every learner. The course offers the requisite skills for research and industry jobs in the field of Biotechnology. All courses have practicals as an integral part which promotes the learner to acquire the requisite skills for employment by experiential learning. An interesting combination of teaching learning processes is adopted in which the teacher and learners are actively involved.

Some of the salient teaching learning processes are

- Class lectures
- Presentations

- > Group Discussion,
- **➤** Workshop
- ➤ Laboratory demonstrations
- > Peer teaching and learning
- > Flipped classroom, project based learning,
 - quiz, seminars,
 - exhibitions,
 - posters.
- > Practical experimental design planning, analysis, interpretation, Application.

8. ASSESSMENT AND EVALUATION

Performance in each course of study shall be evaluated based on the basis of

- (i) Continuous Internal Assessment throughout the semester and the
- (ii) University Examinations at the end of each semester of the programme. The University examinations shall be conducted in the month of November during odd semester and in the month of April during even semester.
- (iii) A candidate who has already appeared for an examination in a subject of a semester and also passed in the same is not entitled to reappear in the same subject for improvement of marks/grades.
- (iv) Each course, i.e. Theory or Laboratory / Practicals or Mini or Major Project work/Dissertation or Field work shall be evaluated for a maximum of 100 marks.
- (v) For each course, Theory or Laboratory/ Practicals or Mini or Major Project work / Dissertation or Field work, the Continuous Internal Assessment component will carry a maximum of 25 marks and the End –Semester University examination will carry a maximum of 75 marks. Thus, there is a total of 100 marks for each course/subject. 6.6 The marks secured in CIA (in total only) may be rounded off to the nearest integer.